

The Chelsea Standard.

If You Don't
Take The Standard you
don't get the news you
would if you did.

If You Don't
Advertise In The Standard
you don't get the trade
you would if you did.

VOL. X: NO. 18.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JUNE 16, 1898.

WHOLE NUMBER 486

"We Always do as We Advertise,
Of-times More."

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Big lot new white shirt waists at \$1.00, \$1.25
and \$1.50 each.

New neck-tie ribbons at 10, 12 1/2 and 15c.

New summer corsets at 25, 50 and \$1.00.

New Valenciennes laces at 2c, 3, 4c, 5c and up
to 25c per yard. Liberal reduction by the
dozen yards.

SHOES.

Big lot of ladies shoes "off styles" size 2 1/2 to 6, worth \$2.50 to \$4.00
choice 95c and \$1.25. These are just the thing for easy summer
wear.

Composite Shoes, always easy and always \$3.00. Best ladies shoe
in America for \$3.00.

Men's and women's tan shoes at low prices.

We are closing out every pair of ladies walking shoes at reduced prices.

PRINTS.

All best prints were 6 and 7c, now 5c.

Best red fancy prints were 7c, now 4c.

Organdies were 15c now 10c.

Organdies were 12 1/2c now 7 1/2c.

H.S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Butterick's patterns for June now on sale.

PIONEERS MEET

The Annual Meeting of the County Society was held
last week.

WAS A VERY ENJOYABLE MEETING

Next Year's Meeting to be held on the
County Fair Grounds.

Every year shows a great thinning out
in the ranks of those sturdy old pioneers
who first paved the way for the fruitful
farms and beautiful homes that are now
to be seen in Washtenaw county, and to
judge by the large attendance at the
annual meeting of the Washtenaw County
Pioneer Society interest in the acts of the
old timers does not relax, but is still a
fruitful source of pleasure and gratifica-
tion to their descendants. There were
considerably over 300 people gathered
together in the Presbyterian church,
Ypsilanti, on Wednesday, at the 20th
annual meeting of the society. There were
aged and infirm old men and women
whose days on earth can be but few and
short; there were middle aged people
strong, healthy and robust, and there were
young people in the heyday of youth;
all were happy and in good humor, pleas-
ed to meet and renew acquaintanceships
and listen to the program laid out for the
day's proceedings.

The meeting opened at 10:40 a. m.
with the singing of "America" by the
audience, all standing. Rev. Wm. Cook,
of Ypsilanti, offered prayer, and then
President Albert Graves spoke a few
words of welcome to those present. He
described the meeting as a sort of mem-
orial to those who first came to Washtenaw
county and prepared the way for those
who followed. It was to be not only a
literary entertainment, but a social gath-
ering for people to renew old acquaint-

ances. (Geo. Hill, of Ypsilanti, sang
"Just as Alone.")

The secretary's report, the minutes of
the last annual meeting and the treasur-
er's report were next read. This was
followed by a selection of music "Colum-
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Wm. H. Lay, the necrologist, then read
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males and 55 were females. The combin-
ed ages footed up to over 7000 years,
and the average age was a little over 72
years. There were 2 over 80 years of age,
31 from 80 to 90, 33 from 70 to 80, 46 from
60 to 70, and 33 under 60. Seventeen of
the number had resided in this county
over 60 years.

S. P. Ballard, of Augusta, read a very
interesting paper on pioneer life in his
own family. He prefaced his paper by
the statement that 70 years ago last
month he passed through what is now
the city of Ypsilanti with his parents.
Of that time he had lived 41 years in
Ypsilanti and 19 years in Augusta.

George S. Wheeler, of Salom, L. D.
Watkins, of Manchester, E. A. Nordman,
of Lima, Roswell Waterman, of Ann
Arbor, and H. C. Reeves, of Dexter, were
appointed a committee to nominate and
report on next place of meeting.

Dinner was next in order and the taste-
fully decorated well laden tables which
had been set in the basement of the
church were soon surrounded by a hur-
ry lot of people who did ample justice
to the good things.

After dinner a general session of visit-
ing began and was continued until the
meeting was called to order at 2 o'clock.
"The Star Spangled Banner" by James
R. Unger, of Ann Arbor, was the first on
the program. The aged singing teacher
who first began operations in that line in
this county 50 years ago and who must

be over 70 years of age, sang the brilliant
anthem in a clear, strong voice, and was
loudly applauded for it.

The committee on officers and place of
meeting reported as follows: Next place
of meeting at Ann Arbor, on the fair
grounds, when the pioneers log cabin
will be dedicated. Officers: President,
W. D. Harriman, Ann Arbor; secretary,
J. Q. A. Sessions, Ann Arbor; treasurer,
R. C. Reeves, Dexter; necrologist, Wm. H.
Lay, Ypsilanti; executive committee, H.
S. Dean, J. F. Babcock, F. E. Mills, Ann
Arbor; Mrs. J. Willard Babbitt, Ypsilanti;
Wm. Campbell, Pittsfield; vice presidents
who held offices last year were re-elected.

F. E. Mills, of Ann Arbor, was to have
read a paper on the Washtenaw County
Fair. He was unable to be present, but
Mrs. Mills was there and read it for him.
The paper gave a brief account of the
advent and growth of agricultural
fairs in this county. The Washtenaw
County Fair was the first one to be
established in this state in 1848. The
year following the state fair was started
and appropriations were made by the
legislature for its support. The Wash-
tenaw Fair Society desires to celebrate
its 50 years existence this fall by the
erection of a log cabin and wants old
relics of pioneer days, family portraits,
home-keeping and keepsakes to exhibit with-
in its walls. The fair society asks the co-
operation of the pioneer society in carry-
ing out this project. James R. Sage
next sang "The Old Oaken Bucket."

Rev. C. T. Allen, of Ypsilanti, next
gave a brief but eloquent address, in
which he showed the onward and upward
growth of this great nation from the
landing of the Pilgrim Fathers on the
rocky coasts of New England. It was
due to these privations and trials of pion-
eer life that the country is what it is to-
day the grandest nation on the face of
the earth.

"Columbia" was next sung as a duet
by two ladies in fine style.

Short speeches followed by L. D. War-
kins, of Manchester, who made a plea
for the members of the county society to
identify themselves with the state pioneer
society for the purpose of keeping a rec-
ord of the pioneer families of the county.

was 1,102. Thus the third decade more than
doubled the attendance of the second.
From 1870 to 1875 there was but 25 in-
crease, due probably to the business de-
pression succeeding for several years the
panic of 1871. From 1870 to 1898, how-
ever, the attendance has almost trebled.
The falling off in the attendance of the
literary department in 1896-7 from 1,538
to 1,204 is due to the separate organiza-
tion of the engineering department,
whose students hitherto had been incor-
porated with the literary department.
Just before and during the war the liter-
ary department fell off in numbers from
287 to 217, rapidly regaining, the last
year of the war, and quickly passing be-
yond its previous registration. Since
the years of business depression in 1870-
75, its attendance has steadily increased,
barring the subtraction of the engineers
already alluded to.

BLAIR MONUMENT.

Program Arranged for Its Unveiling Oc-
tober 12.

A Lansing dispatch of Tuesday says:
Ex-Senator Patton was here and arranged
with the state auditors for the unveiling
of the Blair monument October 12. The
program as far as arranged includes pre-
sentation by Gen. Alger, president of the
commission; acceptance by Governor
Pingree, and a address by ex-Senator
Patton at the request of the commission.
It is proposed to make the occasion
notable by the presence of citizens from
all parts of the state and other features
yet to be decided upon.

Commencement Exercises.

On account of the inability of the Hon.
Washington Gardner to be present on the
evening of the 20th, it has been necessary
to change the dates for commencement
and class day.

Beccaria treatise address will be given at
the M. E. Church, Sunday evening, June
19, by Rev. J. L. Nickerson.

Class day exercises will occur at the
opera house, Monday evening, June 20,
instead of the date given on the program.
The following is the class day program:

- Music, Orchestra
- Invocation, Dr. Thomas Holmes
- Solo Selected, Mr. Louis Burg
- Salutatory, Edith M. Boyd
- Class History, Mary E. Broesamle
- Essay, Every Man has His Day, Erl L. Foster
- Essay, Character, Lena M. Miller
- Class Poem, Silence, R. Helen Hefner
- Quartette, Selected
- Mr. Louis Burg, Mrs. L. T. Freeman,
Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Kempf
- Essay, School Life, Wm. H. Burkart
- Essay, Ambition, N. Ethel Cole
- Oration, The Spanish-American Situation,
Myrtle E. Irwin
- Class Prophecy, Orlando G. Wood
- Valedictory, Helene L. Steinbach
- Music, Orchestra
- Benediction, Rev. J. S. Edmunds
- Pages, Marjorie Freeman, Dorothea Bacon
- Commencement will occur at the opera
house, Tuesday evening, June 21, instead
of Wednesday evening.

According to custom an admission
charge of ten cents will be made, each
evening in order to defray expenses.

The following program will be ren-
dered:

- Music, Orchestra
- Invocation, Rev. G. T. Tryon
- Music, Proposal, Herberton
- Mrs. L. T. Freeman
- Oratio Obligato, K. Otto Steinbach
- Address, Does It Pay to Educate
Rev. Washington Gardner
- Sonata in A major, Haydn
- Thirza G. Wallace
- Supt. W. W. Gifford
- Music, Orchestra
- Benediction, Rev. W. P. Conditine

The following are the names of those
who will graduate: Edith M. Boyd, Mary
E. Broesamle, William H. Burkhardt, N.
Ethel Cole, Erl L. Foster, R. Helen Hef-
ner, Myrtle E. Irwin, Lena M. Miller,
Helene L. Steinbach, Orlando G. Wood.

Grammarians of '98.

The following will be the program
rendered at the graduation exercises of
the "Grammarians of '98" at the high
school Thursday, June 23, at 2 o'clock p.
m.:

- March, Florence Martin
- Salutatory, Herman A. Foster
- Recitation, "The Fogline,"
Cora D. Nickerson
- Solo, Pauline Burg
- Essay, "The Model Gift of
Sixteen,"
Ninabel Carpenter
- Recitation, "Grandmother's
Story of the Battle of Bun-
ker Hill,"
Helen C. Edet
- Piano Duet,
Mabel E. Bacon, Vera G. Glazier
- Recitation, "On the Rappa-
hannock,"
Benjamin Frey
- Class History,
Mabel E. Bacon
- Solo, George A. Spueer
- Essay, "A Voyage,"
Edna A. Raymond
- Piano Solo,
Lillian G. Glazier
- Recitation, "The Lifeboat,"
Vera G. Glazier
- Valedictory,
Casale E. Hubert
- Conferring of Diplomas,
Supt. W. W. Gifford
- Song, "Our Flag,"
Grammarians of '98

IF
YOU
ARE
PARTICULAR

about the quality of the
**SPICES
and EXTRACTS**

you use, stop at the

BANK DRUG STORE.

We can warrant ours in every respect.

We are Selling:

- 10 cakes soap for 25c
- 18 pounds fine granulated sugar \$1.00
- Pavlov matches 1 cent a box
- First class lantern 35c
- 4 lbs new prunes 25c
- Sultana seedless raisins 8c
- 10 lbs best oatmeal 25c
- 4 1/2 lbs crackers for 25c
- Pure elder vinegar 18c gal
- Pickles 5c per doz
- 23 lbs brown sugar \$1.00
- Choice whole rice 6c a lb
- 6 boxes axle grease for 25c
- 7 cans sardines for 25c
- 6 doz clothes pins for 5c
- 25 boxes matches for 25c
- Pure spices and extracts
- 7 bars Jaxon soap for 25c
- Try our 25c N. O. molasses
- Best pumpkin 7c per can
- Fresh ginger snaps 5c a lb
- 5 boxes 8-oz tacks for 5c
- Heavy lantern globe 5c
- Plnt bottles catsup for 10c
- Choice honey 15 a lb
- Choice table syrup 25c per gal
- Good tomatoes 7c per can
- Good sugar syrup 20c gal
- 3 cakes toilet soap for 10c

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR EGGS.

Notice our prices on
Clocks and Watches

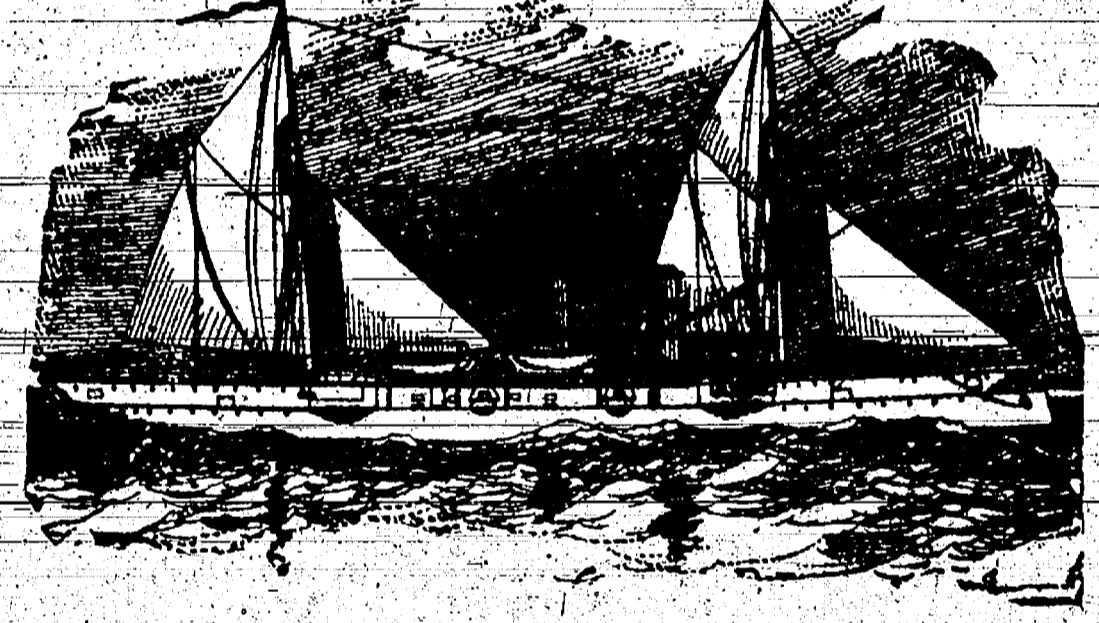
FRUIT JARS

Try our 25c New Orleans
Molasses.

Paints in all sized cans.

New Books.

GLAZIER & STIMSON.



THE CRUISER DETROIT.

The Detroit carries nine 5 inch rapid fire guns, six 6 pounders, two 4
pounders and one 3 pounder. She develops 6,227 horsepower and has a speed
of 18.7 knots. Her displacement is 2,089 tons, and she cost \$612,500.

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Central City Bakery

Bread, Cakes, Confectionery, Ice Cream.

We make a specialty of Fancy Cakes of all descriptions for parties,
weddings, lady fingers, angel's food, and all fancy goods made on
short notice. Give us a call.

ICE CREAM A SPECIALTY.

STEGMILLER & VOGELBACKER.

Important Notice

NO FIRE SALE. NO HUMBUG.

FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS

We shall have to within the next ten days make some arrangements
to pack our large line of woollens and trimmings, consisting of the
very best goods for overcoats, suits, odd pants, and vests, also some
of those valuable remnants for children's suits and knee pants.

J. J. RAFTREY,
The Leading Tailor.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

E. T. HOOLEY FAILS.

WELL-KNOWN PROMOTER IS A BANKRUPT.

Thought to be a Multi-Millionaire in the Last Sale for Large Amounts—Pennsylvania Philanthropist Killed at a Pigeon Shoot.

Wreck of a Reckless Financier. Ernest Terah Hooley filed his petition in the London bankruptcy court the other day. Three years ago he suddenly leaped into notoriety as a joint stock company promoter on a Napoleonic scale.

Standing of the Clubs. Following is the standing of the clubs in the National Baseball League.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the Western League.

NEWS NUGGETS.

At Dayton, Ohio, Mrs. Jane Huxley, aged 50, committed suicide by cutting her throat. Charles Noble of Mexico, Mo., who went to Klondike, became snow blind, they say, and died.

SUNK IN THE CHANNEL.

AMERICAN HULK BLOKS SANTIAGO HARBOR.

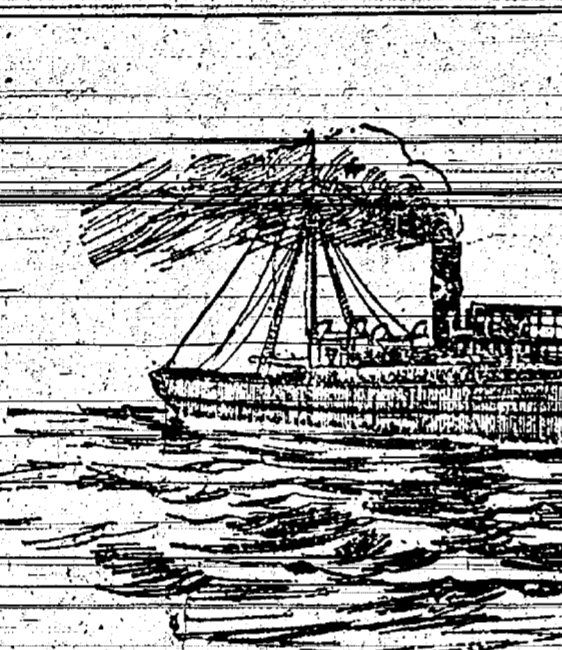
Admiral Sampson Reports Having Purposely Sent Collier Merrimac Into the Minefield—Bottle Now More Securely Corked.

Deed of Daring. By one of the most brilliant exploits in naval annals the cork has been driven into the bottle of Santiago de Cuba and the Spanish fleet could not be more securely corked than that harbor barred and double locked and the key dropped into the bottomless depths of the sea.



RICHARD P. HOBSON.

ness, ran the big collier Merrimac into the throat of the harbor, swung her broadside across the channel and then exploded and sank her. He succeeded in this desperate enterprise under the fire of the batteries and forts which guarded the entrance without support from the fleet.



THE COLLIER MERRIMAC.

his position, without seeing a trace of the Merrimac's daring crew.

When Rear Admiral Sampson joined Commodore Schrey the latter had already ascertained that it would be impossible for the fleet to crawl into the harbor in which the Spanish fleet had taken refuge.

Admiral Sampson has made official report of the daring deed and says that six of the Spanish squadron are in the harbor of Santiago unable to avoid being captured or destroyed.

LAST CABLE SEVERED.

Spanish Forces in Cuban Waters Are Completely Isolated.

Telegraphic communication between Captain General Blanco and the authorities at Madrid has been entirely cut off by the severing of the last cables, thus entirely isolating the Spanish forces in Cuba from Spain.

A party of scientists, headed by David Starr Jordan of Stanford, has left San Francisco for Placitas, A. T. This party will be made their base of supplies and trips will be taken into the surrounding country for archeological investigation.

The Artell Publishing Company of New York, which published Judge Frank Leslie's Illustrated Weekly and other publications, has gone into the hands of a receiver on account of financial difficulties.

BANK IS IN DANGER.

Spain's Financial Troubles Fast Becoming Alarming.

It would cause no surprise to hear at any moment that the Bank of Spain had suspended specie payments. A press dispatch to London from Madrid says that Spain is fast drifting to a forced paper currency.

The financial outlook of Spain is dark. The Government has instructed the Bank of Spain with the negotiation for a loan of 1,000,000,000 pesetas at 4 per cent, which sum is to be raised as and when required.

The statement from Madrid in what seemed to be almost semi-official form of the genuineness of the financial stringency there and the plain intimation that the Bank of Spain, and consequently Spain, were nearing the end of their financial resources, was regarded at the State Department in Washington as of more real significance than many of the stories of battles on land and sea that have been coming over the cables for the past few weeks.

There are no roads in eastern Cuba, but there is a good horse trail from Punta Cabrera through a pass in the mountains to a valley, by which access may be gained to Monte San Pablo, that overlooks the city of Santiago, and other heights that command the harbor.

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LAND NEAR SANTIAGO.

FIVE THOUSAND TROOPS PREPARE TO ATTACK.

Regulars Placed on Shore at Punta Cabrera, Where They Make a Junction with the Insurgents Under Gen. Garcia—Defenses to Be Assaulted.

Warships Aided Them. A special from Kingston, Jamaica, reports that 5,000 United States troops have landed near Punta Cabrera, a little to the west of Santiago de Cuba, where a junction was effected with Gen. Garcia's army of 8,000 insurgents.

The normal force of the Spaniards in the City of Santiago de Cuba is 25,000 men. Of these only 10,000 are regulars. Five thousand are volunteers, like our National Guard, and the rest are the Spaniards of the city given arms and pressed into service.

Admiral Cervera's fleet brought over 18,000 Mainer rifles to arm these raw levies. Other Spanish troops are being hurried from Guantanamo, Holguin and Manzanillo to re-enforce Linares's army.

The re-enforcements will be harassed by the Cubans, who have been marching into Oriente as fast as they can be armed with the rifles furnished them by the United States Government. More United States soldiers are coming daily. Their landing is perfectly protected by the guns of the American fleet.

Among Garcia's Cubans are the 400 men under Gen. Laceret, recently sent over in the Florida.

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WEATHER AND CROP BULLETIN.

Favorable Conditions Prevail in States of Central Valley.

The United States Department of Agriculture has issued the following climate and crop bulletin for the week:

The favorable weather conditions of the previous week have continued in the States of the central valley and on the middle Atlantic coast, while in the South and South Atlantic States, and Southwest Texas the drought has become more pronounced.

The principal corn States of the central valley, the wheat has been exceptionally early in getting into the ground and the crop is generally clean and in good condition.

Harvesting has begun in North Carolina and Tennessee, and will begin in Virginia, Kentucky and the southern portion of Illinois and Missouri.

The condition of the crop in Washington and Oregon continues most favorable, and in California there will be better yield than was expected.

Spring wheat has made rapid growth and its condition is most promising generally throughout the Northwest region in Southern Minnesota it is nearing the heading stage.

NEW MINISTER TO TURKEY.

Oscar Straus Held That Position Under President Cleveland.

Oscar Straus, who has been nominated as minister to Turkey, is a Democrat, and held the same position during President Cleveland's first administration, when, although a Jew, he was exceedingly popular among the Christian missionaries.

They have placed on record at the State Department formal testimony of their appreciation of his services, and privately they assert that he was the best minister

you have had at the sultan's court since Gen. Wallace's time. Mr. Straus, with his brothers, Nathan and Isaac, compose the firm of Murray & Co., and conduct the big department store in New York City.

Mr. Straus has been active in the International Jewish Historical Association, and is the author of a notable book setting forth the achievements of his race in commerce, politics, literature, science, music and other branches of learning and industry.

WAR'S HEAVY COST.

Congress Told That for a Year It Will Be \$200,000,000.

Practically without debate, the House Thursday passed the urgent deficiency bill providing for emergency expenses of the army and navy departments incident to the war.

It was based upon estimates received recently from the departments and carries items aggregating \$17,845,000 contemplated in the Philippine expedition and the early movements upon Cuba.

In explaining the bill during the brief discussion Mr. Cannon, replying to a question by Chairman Dingley of the Ways and Means Committee, said \$200,000,000 would be a conservative estimate of the cost of the war for a year, if it lasted that long.

Incidentally he estimated the appropriations already made on account of the war and likely to develop as essential, including the first six months of the coming fiscal year, at \$350,000,000.

As reported by the Committee on Appropriations and passed by the House, the bill incorporates the more urgent of the War estimates submitted to the House Wednesday by Secretary Alger, whose explanation of which called forth the significant official letter transmitted there.

It also includes an emergency appropriation of \$10,000,000 for the navy. The items appropriated follow:

Contingencies of the army 50,000,000; Expenses of outfit troops 25,000,000; Signal service of the army 37,000,000; Civilian assistants to engineer officers 20,000,000.

Says Gomez Will Aid Spain. Captain General Blanco notifies Madrid from Havana that, in consequence of arrears between the insurgent leaders, Garcia and Gomez, the latter is growing that Gomez will lead his forces against the Americana.

A Washington dispatch says that the German and French consuls at Honolulu recently issued a complaint to their government against the alleged favoritism shown by the Government of Hawaii to the United States over other countries.

The Montgomery County (Pa.) Historical Society has created and dedicated a monument to mark the spot where Lafayette was camped with his army, at Barrig Hill in 1778.



The Senate continued its consideration of the war revenue bill through its session of Friday, completing everything but the bond provision and the amendments proposed by the Democrats.

The war revenue measure was passed by the Senate Saturday evening at 7:00 o'clock, a score or more of attempts were made to amend it, but in only three or four instances were the attempts successful.

The most notable amendment adopted was that offered by Mr. Tillman of South Carolina, placing a duty of 10 cents a pound on all tea imported into the United States.

The amendment created no debate and was adopted by a vote of 98 to 32. A bill which completed the bill was passed by a vote of 48 to 28.

Mr. Allison moved that the Senate insist upon his amendments and that conference be appointed. The motion was agreed to and Messrs. Allison, Aldrich and Jones of Arkansas were named as conferees.

In the House Mr. Lacey of Iowa secured consideration of the Senate bill to protect homesteaders who may enlist and serve in the forces of the United States.

After some delay it was passed. The war revenue bill was advanced a step further. It was received in the House amended in the Senate, and the lower branch of Congress necessarily became the center of legislative interest.

Mr. Dingley, from the Committee on Rules, presented a resolution introduced by Mr. Dingley providing for an immediate vote upon general non-concurrence and assenting the bill to conference.

After some delay the vote was taken upon the resolution. Mr. Bailey demanded the yeas and nays, the roll call resulting: Yeas, 127; Nays, 100.

It was a party vote. The House then voted to non-concur and agreed to the conference, and the Speaker named Messrs. Dingley, Payne and Bailey as conferees.

Under suspension of the rules the Senate bill ratifying an agreement between the Dawes commission and the Seminole Indians providing for the allotment of the latter's lands, was passed.

Beyond the passage of an urgent deficiency bill, made necessary by the war with Spain, the Senate accomplished little. The deficiency measure carries appropriations for the war and navy establishments aggregating \$17,745,000.

The Senate on Tuesday passed the bill for the allotment in severalty of certain lands to the Indians of Indian Territory, the payment of interest claims to the Chickasaw Indians, and the ratification of the agreement effected with the Indians by the Dawes commission.

Section 29, which provided for the segregation of 157,000 acres of land purchased by the Delawarees from the Choctaws, 100 acres of the land to be allotted to each registered Delaware, and the remainder reserved to the descendants of deceased registered Delawarees, was struck from the bill.

Consideration was resumed of the measure providing for the taking of the twelfth census. After disposing of the urgent war deficiency bill, as passed, with amendments by the Senate, the House considered the conference report upon the similar civil bill.

The report, so far as it embodied agreements, was adopted, and the House then began voting generally upon the Senate amendments, upon which no agreement had been reached in conference.

Of these there are forty-five. The House considered eight of these, acting favorably upon three and rejecting the remainder.

The House adjourned pending disposition of a measure to enable volunteer soldiers to vote at congressional elections during the war.

It involved constitutional questions. The Senate resolution was passed authorizing the President to write the one-year suspension from citizenship and order of re-examination in the army in certain corps during the existing war.

A bill providing for the taking of the twelfth census was passed by the Senate on Wednesday after a debate which occupied the greater part of three days.

The House disposed of the Senate amendments of the sundry civil bill and agreed to further conference. The conference report upon the postoffice appropriation bill was adopted without debate.

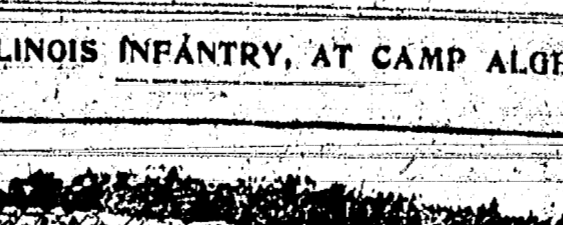
A bill was passed authorizing the construction of a high bridge across Rock river on the Illinois and Mississippi Canal in Illinois. After five hours devoted to the consideration of the bill to enable volunteer soldiers to vote in congressional elections, the conference report upon the war revenue bill was presented to the House on Thursday.

THE BANK OF SPAIN.

Contingencies of the army 50,000,000; Expenses of outfit troops 25,000,000; Signal service of the army 37,000,000; Civilian assistants to engineer officers 20,000,000.

Says Gomez Will Aid Spain. Captain General Blanco notifies Madrid from Havana that, in consequence of arrears between the insurgent leaders, Garcia and Gomez, the latter is growing that Gomez will lead his forces against the Americana.

SIXTH ILLINOIS INFANTRY, AT CAMP ALGER, VA.



The Sixth Illinois Infantry is shown in a camp setting, with soldiers in uniform and various military equipment visible.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turbulent & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.

BY O. T. HOOVER. Terms—\$1.00 per year; 50 cents 3 months; 25 cents 1 month. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application. Entered at the postoffice at Chelsea, Mich., as second-class matter.

FOR EVERY drop of blood unnecessarily shed on the battlefield by America's soldiers led by incompetent commanders, and for every soldier invalided as the result of inefficient staff officers, the people will hold the president alone responsible. That he is subjected to an almost resistless pressure from senators and members seeking appointments for their favorites or political supporters will not count with the country when it sums up its bereavements resulting from bad commanders in the field and ignorant or inefficient staff departments. The president makes the appointment. That he should listen to his party leaders and to senators and members in the matter of the usual government patronage is recognized by well established precedent, and as a rule is a wise and proper course to pursue. In the matter of appointments in the army and navy the question of favor or patronage to any senator or member or any political "boss" should have no part in the president's deliberations. These appointments should be made on personal merit well established and thoroughly commended by the military and naval authorities, the only proper advisers of the executive in military and naval affairs. President McKinley saw service in the last war and learned from experience and observation what grave disasters may follow incompetency in command. The people will expect more from him for this very reason.—Town Topics.

Crop Report.

The average condition of wheat June 1 was in the state 98, southern counties 96, central 102, and northern 100. Compared with May 1 there is in the state and southern counties an average gain of 4 per cent, in the central counties of 4 per cent, and in the northern of 2 per cent. Compared with one year ago the average condition is higher in the state and each section as follows: State 20 per cent, southern counties 14 per cent, central 26 per cent, and northern 19 per cent. Wheat is rarely in better average condition June 1 than this year. The highest average reported in the preceding ten years is 92 in 1892 and 1894. The average condition in the southern counties, 96, is the same as in 1891.

The number of bushels of wheat reported marketed in May is 3,473,884, as compared with 4,107,975 reported marketed in May, 1897, and the amount reported marketed in ten months, August-May, is 45,468,780 bushels, as compared with 38,755,304 bushels in the same months last year.

The acreage planted to corn fully equals the acreage in average years. The figures are 101 for the state, 99 for the southern, 102 for the central, and 104 for the northern counties. The average condition in the state is 96. The acreage sown to oats is 92 per cent of average in average years, and the average condition of the crops is 96. About four-fifths the usual acreage of barley has been sown and in condition the crop is 96. Barley is not extensively grown in Michigan, two-thirds of the crops being grown in seven counties in the eastern part of the state.

The average condition of meadows and pastures is 96, and of clover sown this year, 95. The condition of each is slightly lower in the southern counties, meadows and pastures being 94, and this year's clover seeding 92.

Apples promise 95 per cent, and peaches 80 per cent of average crops. The figures for the southern counties are apples 92, and peaches 87, and for the central counties, apples 101, and peaches 95. The outlook for apples is better, and for peaches only 5 per cent poorer than on May 1. One year ago the estimates indicated for these crops respectively about two-thirds and one-fourth of an average yield. A number of correspondents report peach leaf curl, but evidently extensive or serious damage is not apprehended.

In the southern counties the wages per month of farm hands average \$16.53 with board, and \$21.74 without board; in the central counties, \$14.48 with board, and \$22.07 without board, and in the northern counties, \$15.84 with board, and \$25.44 without board. The averages for the state are \$15.81 with board, and \$22.29 without board. Wages are higher than one year ago in each section of the state. The average increase of wages with board is \$0.98 in the southern counties, \$1.50 in the central counties, and \$1.87 in the northern counties. The average increase in the state is \$1.15.

The farm statistics of more than 400 townships, collected and returned by supervisors, indicate that the number of sheep now on hand in the state is nearly 7 per cent more than shored in 1897. There is a gain of 6 per cent in the southern counties, nearly 9 per cent in the central, and 12 per cent in the northern counties.

One year ago there was, compared with 1896, an average loss in the state of nearly 8 per cent, and in 1896 there was compared with 1895 an average loss of 20 per cent.

Weather conditions in May were favorable for growing crops. The temperature the first half of the month was practically normal and rainfall deficient, while in the latter half temperature and rainfall were both somewhat in excess of the normal, and the rainfall was well distributed.

Suburban Rumors

FRANCISCO.

The rain was a God send to the neighborhood owing to the drought. However, the heavy rain left its traces on the hill sides.

The K. L. M.'s met at the home of Mrs. Gleake on Friday evening. There will be one more meeting when they will adjourn for the season.

A children's day entertainment will be given in the English St. E. church of Francisco on Sunday evening, June 19. An interesting program will be carried out.

WATERLOO.

Ettie Gorton is spending this week in Ypsilanti. Martha Strauss spent Sunday with friends at Delhi.

The Baptist Society held an ice cream and strawberry social Tuesday evening in the new barn belonging to George Bloyce.

An entertainment will be given by the pupils of Corinna Seeger's school in the McKinley district, Thursday evening, June 23, at 8 p. m. An admission fee of five cents is to be charged, the proceeds to be used in purchasing library books.

SYLVAN.

Mrs. Brown of Lima spent part of last week at Red Gilbert's.

Miss Minnie Merker of Flint is spending her vacation at home.

Miss Edith Ludlow of Jackson spent Friday of last week at this place.

Neil Watkins and sister, Fannie, of Napoleon spent Monday with Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Dancoer.

O. R. L. Crozier of Ann Arbor will speak to the Sylvan Christian Union next Sunday morning. In the evening the Sunday school will give a cantata entitled, "The Shepherd's Call."

The young people of the Sylvan M. E. church will hold an honor social for the benefit of the Sunday school at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Knoll, Thursday evening, June 23. Every body invited. Come out and we will guarantee a good time. Ice cream and cake will be served.

COUNTY AND VICINITY.

Postmaster Point reports having received a registered package Saturday from far away Skagway, Alaska. It took only nine days for the package to make the trip.—Washtenaw Times.

A pest of some sort is creating havoc with the foliage of apple trees. The orchards of Henry Mellencamp and Henry McKiggon look as if they had been scorched with fire. The leaves preyed upon turn black and shrivel up as if burned to a cinder.—Grass Lake News.

Walter Weatherbee, a boy living on Wall street, is undergoing an experience which should serve as a valuable lesson. Following a boyish suggestion he had his arm tattooed with some patriotic design. Blood poisoning set in and the boy is at the hospital with a fair prospect of losing his arm if not his life.

As Alderman Howell of the sixth ward was going home the other night a tramp stopped him with the usual request for "A little money to get something to eat." The alderman turned sharply on the fellow with "What you doing here? I'm working this side." The tramp replied, "All right pard," and at once crossed to the other side.—Ann Arbor Courier.

A tramp called at the home of L. C. Goodrich one morning a few days ago and bliskly requested that he be favored with a breakfast. In the evening he appeared at the same place again. When informed that he had been at the same house in the morning he politely bowed his excuses, remarking, "Was I? Guess I'm a little mixed," and went in search of a new route.—Ann Arbor Courier.

Yesterday James McKinstry showed the Times man a relic of the Mexican war. It was in the shape of a pair of gold trouser stripes, which would cost a great deal of money to duplicate. They once belonged to General Santa Anna and were found by Mr. McKinstry's father when the former had hurriedly made his escape and leave his goods behind. He also has the sword belt.—Washtenaw Times.

STUDENT OF SHAKESPEARE.

The Native Heard Him Roote and Thought Him a Lunatic. An itinerant college "professor," as he styled himself, was stranded in a little backwoods settlement, and in order to raise cash enough to help him farther on the road he proposed a Shakespeare club for the literary diversion of the citizens.

"It's like those they have in the office," he explained, "and if you folks want to keep up with the procession you must have one too."

About a dozen applied for membership and were in the hall early, waiting for the professor, who was late in getting there.

When he did arrive, after stating the object of the meeting, he proposed to give them samples of Shakespearean acting. He began with Hamlet, then tackled Macbeth and Richard III.

There was no applause from his audience while he was perspiring through the various acts. In fact, the audience was serious—very serious—and he noticed little groups forming here and there and engaging in whispered conversations.

Finally a man went forward, took the professor by the arm and said: "You'd better come with me, pardner. Don't be scared; we ain't gwine to hurt you. It's all for your own good, so come along now."

"What do you mean?" asked the frightened professor.

"That's all right, pardner. Jest come on quiet; an' you'll fin' out what we're after. We ain't gwine to tie you unless we has to."

By this time several had hold of him, and he was hustled out of the building to a room in the rear of a grocery store, where he was guarded by several citizens until morning. Then he was taken before the ordinary of the county under full guard.

"He's one or them that lunatics what jumped the asylum lately," explained the spokesman of the crowd. "The way he went on in the meeting last night was awful—pitchin' an' rearin' an' hollerin' an' pullin' at his hair like he wanted ter git his head off. We had ter keep him under close guard all night fer fear he'd hurt himself."

"I know all erbout it," said the ordinary. "I was in the meeting myself, but escaped early. What have you got ter say for yourself, sir?"

"I was only trying to form a Shakespeare club, when!"

"It's my opinion," interrupted the ordinary, "that what you needs most is a hickory cut. I'm goin' ter instruct this here jury ter fin' you guilty of lunacy in the fast degree, an' may the Lord have mercy on your soul. You'll lend somebody of you ain't taken keer on, an' now that we've got you we're gwine ter keep you."

It was in vain the prisoner protested. He was "a gone case," and if the high judge of the county court hadn't arrived just in the nick of time and given him ten minutes to leave town he would have boarded the next train for the lunatic asylum.—Atlanta Constitution.

Not Always. "Remember, my boy," said Uncle James as he gave Bobby a coin, "that if you take care of the pennies the shillings will take care of themselves."

"Bobby looked a trifle dubious."

"I do take care of the pennies," he replied, "but as soon as they get to be shillings 'pa takes care of 'em."—London Tit-Bits.

Of the two stamps first issued Washington's portrait was on the 10 cent and Franklin's on the other. Since that time the various issues of the United States stamps would furnish a unique portrait gallery, showing the faces of 48 noted Americans.

The bullet which killed Lord Nelson at Trafalgar is still preserved. It is mounted in a crystal locket and reposes in a crimson bag with gold tassels.

Michigan Central Excursions. The Michigan Central will run one of its popular week-end excursions to Detroit, Saturday, June 18. Train will leave Chelsea at 11:30 a. m., and the fare for the round trip will be \$1.10. Tickets good to return on all regular trains up to and including morning train Monday, June 20, except No. 5. Children one-half adult rate.

Camp meeting at Eaton Rapids, July 27 to August 8. One fare round trip.

Camp meeting at Owosso, August 9 to 31. One fare round trip.

Orion Camp Grand Assembly, July 12 to August 3. One fare for round trip.

Camp meeting at Hazelton Park, July 28 to August 31. One and one-third fare for round trip.

Camp meeting at Island Lake, July 1 to August 30. One and one-third fare for round trip.

Michigan Baptist Assembly, Orchard Lake, August 10 to 19. One fare for round trip.

Epworth League Training Assembly, Ludington, July 15 to August 5. One fare for round trip.

People's party state convention at Grand Rapids, June 21. One fare for round trip.

Prohibition party state convention, Lansing, August 23. One fare for round trip.

Great Cures proved by thousands of testimonials show that Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses power to purify, vitalize and enrich the blood.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to be taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Why don't you pay the printer?

Easy to Take Easy to Operate Hood's Pills. Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. ARE YOU SUFFERING FROM HOOD'S PILLS? You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over. Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

BE SURE you get what you want when you ask for Hood's Sarsaparilla. Unequalled in Merit, Sweet, Pure. There's no substitute for HOOD'S. Beats the Klondike. Mr. A. C. Thomas, of Marysville, Tex., has found a more valuable discovery than has yet been made in the Klondike. For years he suffered untold agony from consumption, accompanied by hemorrhages, and was absolutely cured by Dr. Klug's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. He declares that gold is of little value in comparison with this marvelous cure; would have it, even if it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, bronchitis and all throat and lung ailments are positively cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. Trial bottle free at Glazier & Stimson's drug store. Regular size 50 cts. and \$1.00. Guarantee to cure or money refunded.

Dr. King's Asthma Salve. The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, totter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price, 25c per box for sale by Glazier & Stimson Druggists.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. I, Notary Public for said county, do hereby certify that the estate of the late Mrs. Mary Ann (nee) Smith, deceased, was opened for probate on the 3rd day of June, A. D. 1898, in the probate court of the county of Washtenaw, Michigan, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to appear before the probate court at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, Michigan, for examination and allowance, on or before the 3rd day of December next, and that such claims will be heard before said court on the 3rd day of September and on the 3rd day of December next at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said dates. Dated at Ann Arbor, Michigan, June 3rd, A. D. 1898. MATTHEW E. KREIER, Notary Public for Washtenaw County, Michigan.

Mortgage Sale. DEBTS HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by Edmund Lockwood and wife, and recorded in the county of Washtenaw, Michigan, and in the township of Sharon, county of Washtenaw, Michigan, dated the 25th day of March, A. D. 1894, and recorded in the office of the Notary Public for said county of Washtenaw, Michigan, on the 31st day of April, A. D. 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m., in lib. 83 of mortgages on page 70, by which default in the payment of said mortgage has become operative, on which said mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of sixteen hundred and thirty dollars, and the said mortgage is to be sold at public sale, to-wit: at the place for holding the circuit court for said county, at the court house in the east front door of the court house in the city of Ann Arbor, Washtenaw county, Michigan, that being the place for holding the circuit court for said county, at the date of this notice, to-wit: on the 21st day of June, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the east front door of the court house in the city of Ann Arbor, Michigan, and the proceeds of said sale to be applied to the payment of said mortgage, together with the costs of this proceeding, and the balance, if any, to be paid to the holder of said mortgage, to-wit: to the undersigned, as follows: All the certain pieces or parcels of land situated in the township of Sharon, in the county of Washtenaw, and state of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: The north half of the southeast quarter and the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section number eleven (11) in township number three, north of range number three east.

Said sale will be made subject to the payment of the interest on said mortgage, to-wit: six per cent, upon which said mortgage there is now due twenty-five hundred dollars upon principal and interest since March 1, 1898. Dated, March 23, 1898.

MATTHEW E. KREIER, Attorney for Mortgagee.

INDIGESTION-DYSPEPSIA. The Results of the New Cure for Indigestion and Nervous Dyspepsia. Drake's Dyspepsia Cure and Nerve Restorer, a wellspring of life, is pouring into thousands of homes today; sturdy engines that have led all other remedies yield to the efficacy of this marvelous treatment, and permanent cures are the inevitable results from its use. For sale by druggists of Chelsea.

A book on Stomach and Nerve troubles, their symptoms and cure, will be given free for the asking at above mentioned drug stores. Hold following statement: To Whom It May Concern: To those suffering from stomach and nervous troubles I wish to recommend Drake's Dyspepsia Cure and Nerve Restorer. About 20 years ago I began to be troubled with my stomach. It gradually grew worse, even under treatment, until it became difficult for me to eat any kind of food with comfort. For the past five years I have been unable to retain very little food of the slightest nature long enough to digest it. Several times during this time I have enjoyed sleep throughout the entire night, and have been obliged to leave my bed in consequence of my stomach and nerve troubles. My bowels were very much relaxed, and to be due to inflammation of the membrane of the intestines. I was treated by physicians and tried nearly every known remedy, but recommended for my condition with no permanent benefit, and usually not even temporary relief. On the 5th day of January, '98, I purchased a package of Drake's Dyspepsia Cure and Nerve Restorer, and I wish every dyspeptic to know how much I have improved from its use. My food does not distress me as it did and I have no trouble in retaining it, I sleep well and feel refreshed therefrom, and although I have used only one package of the medicine, I can safely say that I am 75 per cent better than I have been during the past 20 years. Yours respectfully, Mrs. GIDRON STODDARD, Litchfield, Mich., January 24, 1898.

WANTED 200 GOOD MEN TO ENLIST IN STAFFAN'S BICYCLE CORPS. See our METEOR \$25.00. Warranted in every respect for one year. REFRIGERATORS with Ice included \$8 to \$15. Cavanaugh Lake Ice for the season for \$3.50. The season lasts until the arrival of cold weather. F. STAFFAN & SON.

HEADQUARTERS for Oliver and Birch Plows, Farmers Favorite and Superior Drills, Spring Tooth Harrows, Steel Land Rollers, Disk Harrows, Garden Tools. Buggies, Road Wagons, Surreys, Lumber Wagons. Harness, Spring Tooth Harrows all at bottom prices.

HOAG & HOLMES. Special Prices on FURNITURE Summer Sack Suits.

J. GEO. WEBSTER. SPECIAL SALE NEW SPRING MILLINERY. We have purchased the millinery business of Mrs. J. W. Schenk and will sell every Trimmed Hat, all Novelties, Ribbons, etc. in stock at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. The goods are all this season's style and new, and you certainly will save money by taking advantage of this sale.

CHOICE MEATS. Sausage or Lard call on ADAM EPPLER. When you want

HOME RULE. Following is a copy of Certificate of Registry. NUMBER 428. VOLUME 1. CLEVELAND BAY SOCIETY OF AMERICA. CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRY. The Stallion named Home Rule, owned by Batey & Hecox, of Howell, Mich., bred by Mr. Dodsworth, Kellfield, Yorkshire, England, imported by Sterlecker Bros., Springfield, Ill., foaled, spring 1885; color, bay; sire, Young Domino; dam by Promised Land, No. 957, has been accepted for Registry, in Volume 1 of the Cleveland Bay Society of America Stud Book, under the name of Home Rule, and will be numbered as above. R. P. STRICKER, Secretary.

HOME RULE. Now owned by Tommy McNamara of Chelsea and will make the season of 1898 at his barn in the Village. Terms, \$10.00 to insure foal. Home Rule cost \$1,000 when five years old, and took gold medal in Chicago over 63 stallions. Tommy McNamara.

Local Brevities

Local Brevities section containing various news items such as 'Born on Sunday, June 14, 1898, to Mr. and Mrs. Michael Howe, a daughter.', 'Ed. Hammond is having a large porch built around his residence on Middle street, east.', 'The Kempt Commercial and Savings Bank has erected a flag staff and flag to the breeze a fine new flag.', 'Miss Flora Atkinson entertained a number of her young friends at her home on Carfield street, Tuesday afternoon.', 'After the ball storm Friday, Mrs. B. Parker picked up a piece of hail which was the exact representation of a turtle.', 'An admission fee of ten cents will be charged to both the class day exercises of the class of '08 and the commencement exercises.', 'Geo. P. Glazier is going into the celery business on quite an extensive scale this season. He has about four acres now under cultivation.', 'Any animal that will deposit a great quantity of tobacco juice on a nice bow, stone walk is more orange-outing than man, and it knows it. - Grass Lake News.', 'The B. Y. P. U. will give a lawn social at the Baptist church, Saturday evening, June 18. A cordial invitation is extended to every one. Ice cream will be served.', 'T. W. Baldwin and family wish to tender their heartfelt thanks to their many friends and neighbors, who so kindly rendered them their assistance, during the illness and death of his wife and their mother.', 'The ladies of the L. O. T. M. will give a Macabean tea at the residence of Mrs. E. M. Wilkinson next Tuesday afternoon, June 21. A cordial invitation is extended to all faculty Macabees, their families and friends.', 'L. Otto Steinbach has been elected the ranger of Chelsea Lodge, I. O. F., in place of Guy Lighthall who had to give up the office on account of his duties as a fireman at the power house. Fred Welch was elected senior beadle, in place of Mr. Steinbach.', 'An exchange says: A very simple rite to follow in pronouncing those Spanish names is to pronounce them any old way, and by a firm, unflinching tone which defies correction and deters suspicion. Ten to one the other fellow will give you the credit of being posted.', 'The births in the county so far as reported for the year ending January 1 are as follows: Lima 13; Pittsfield 7; Ann Arbor Township 11; Freedom 21; Ypsilanti city 50; Bridgewater 21; Saline 31; Salom 18; Dexter 12; Sylvan 24; Lodi 27; Augusta 29; Lyndon 15; Selo 15.', 'Married, on Wednesday, June 15, 1898, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Hooyer, Miss Fannie H. Hooyer, to Mr. R. W. Crawford of Owosso, Mich. E. L. Killam of Milan performing the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Crawford will make their future home at Owosso.', 'The following were the delegates from Chelsea to the democratic county convention at Ann Arbor Wednesday: J. S. Gorman, John Messner, David Rockwell, B. Lighthall, B. B. Turanball, Frank McManis, James Taylor, Geo. W. Beck, and J. B. McKee. German Postor, Karl O. Steinbach, Herman Schallho.', 'The University of Michigan will begin its next college year Tuesday, September 21, instead of October 1, as has heretofore been the custom. The opening day hereafter will always be the Tuesday before the last Wednesday of September. In some years this may bring the date of opening as early as the 20th of September.', 'The hail storm Friday caused considerable damage to growing crops east of this village. N. F. Prudden lost an acre of onions, a large quantity of straw berries, and a portion of his wheat. Geo. Taylor, John Priermuth and others suffered considerable damage. A number of windows were also broken. The storm was not as severe at this place.', 'Tuesday morning it was discovered that burglars had broken into H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.'s store and carried away some clothing and a number of other articles. They entered one of the windows in the rear of the shoe department and when they left they went out of the door, leaving it open behind them. They left no clue as to their identity.', 'A teacher in the Addison public schools has been the following note explaining the absence of one of the pupils the day before: "Please excuse Henry for absence yesterday. Him and me got a chance at a ride to a funeral in a carriage, and I let him stay to home, as he never rode in a carriage and never went to a funeral and had any other pleasures. So please excuse."

S. A. Mape & Co. have just put in a fine stock of undertaking goods and funeral furnishings and are now ready for business in their place. Their office and show rooms are in the Tudor building with Chelsea Steam Laundry.

On Tuesday Deputy Sheriff Staffan received word from Jackson, that a negro had broken into a barber shop at that place the night before and carried away a number of razors, and was told to watch for him. About noon Jake came in with his man, having found him on the Michigan Central track between Chelsea and Dexter.

At the meeting of the Northwestern Washington County Mutual Fire Insurance Co., at the town hall Saturday afternoon, a charter was drawn up and accepted, and it was sent to Lansing for the approval of the commissioner of insurance. The company starts out with \$800,000 capital stock and 100 charter members.

The following are the delegates from Sylvan who are in attendance at the republican county convention at Ann Arbor today: F. P. Glazier, A. W. Wilkinson, W. J. Knapp, John Kalmbach, W. F. Heimenschneider, H. S. Holmes, Theo. Wood, O. T. Hoover, Mart. Wackenhut, Jas. I. Gilbert, Mart. Merkle, Ed. Ward, Fred Wedemeyer, Phil. Schweinfurth.

The ball team from Jackson failed to put in an appearance at this place Saturday afternoon, and by so doing saved themselves from sure and overwhelming defeat from the hands of the Chelsea team. The game next Wednesday afternoon between the Chelsea team and the Detroit Athletic Club team will surely be played and if you want to see a good game be sure and go.

The following is given as the symbolism of the Cuban flag: The single star set in diamond field of blood with five stripes leading toward it. The stripes represent the five states of the island of Cuba, the star represents the union of the whole island towards which they are tending, and the red field around it represents the blood through which they must pass to attain their independence.

On Monday noon, one Joseph Cokahart broke into the blacksmith shop of Schumacher & Son; stole one hammer and a pair of nippers. Deputy sheriff Staffan was soon notified of the theft and it was but a short time afterwards he found and returned the tools. The thief was at once taken before justice, H. B. Turin, who immediately sentenced the prisoner to pay a fine of \$15 or 15 days in the county jail. The fine not being paid he was taken to the county jail to serve his time.

A dispatch from Camp Thomas, Chetekamauga Park, Ga., says: "The wagon train of the Thirty-first Michigan was hauling baled hay to camp, when one four-mile team, frightened at a road engine, ran away scattering bales along its route. The driver kept the road, but finally the driver dropped a rein and then jumped. Bandman Froer, of Chelsea, was on the load and jumped too. He received a sprained ankle and was taken to camp in a Pennsylvania ambulance, but he was soon able to be around, only a little sore from his experience."

The Washington County Pioneer and Historical Society will have a real old-fashioned home. Last week at the meeting a subscription list was started and about seventy-five subscribed \$5 each. The house with the old-fashioned top cabin with a stick chimney. It will be built in the Washington county fair grounds at Ann Arbor, and to cost about \$500. Each one who donates will have his or some one of his family's name indelibly marked in the logs. The interior will be furnished with old furniture, and will contain many heir-looms.

About two weeks ago a man giving his name as L. M. Lohman of New Jersey, registered at the Chelsea House, and gave out that his business was that of buying milch cows for eastern dairy farms. He managed to get into the good graces of Frank Judson and borrowed \$40 of him last Thursday, saying that he was short that amount. Now the "short" is the other way, as it has not been seen since that day. He took a rig from the Chelsea House livery stable and was to return the same light, but failed to do so. The horse was found at Dexter from which place he took the train to Detroit.

Railroad Commissioner Wesselus has made the first computation of taxes of Michigan railroads under the provisions of the Merriman specific tax law. The total amount of taxes assessed against Michigan railroads for the current year is \$945,150.40, an increase of \$203,075.85 over the taxes of the previous year. A large portion of this increase is due to the rulings of the commissioner, who has computed taxes upon various kinds of earnings not heretofore included. The Michigan Central system will be required to pay about \$285,000 of the total taxes assessed. The Lake Shore is assessed \$57,000, the Grand Trunk \$32,000, Chicago and West Michigan \$30,020, Grand Rapids and India \$30,000, Western \$11,500, Delath, South Shore and Atlantic \$41,000.

Any one wanting bath tubs at reasonable prices inquire of Thomas Fletcher agent for Folding Bath Tub Co. 32

Personal Mention

Mrs. J. J. Raftery spent Monday at Jackson.

Mrs. I. A. Stephens is visiting relatives in Detroit.

Bert H. Sparks of Detroit is visiting relatives here.

Miss Lena Williams is visiting relatives at Woberville.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Donaw are visiting relatives in Iowa.

Thomas Birkett of Dexter spent Saturday at this place.

David Albert, Jr. spent three days of last week in Detroit.

Rev. H. W. Hicks of Dexter spent Tuesday at this place.

H. G. Hoag of Detroit was the guest of his son here this week.

N. F. Prudden and son, Mayr, spent Saturday at Ann Arbor.

A. J. Waters of Manchester was a Chelsea visitor Tuesday.

Miss May Sparks of Detroit is visiting relatives here this week.

Miss Jennie Woods of Ann Arbor spent Wednesday at this place.

Rev. Carl G. Zeldler of Detroit called on friends here this week.

Mrs. John Farrell has been spending the past week in Jackson.

Guas and Zoe BeGole spent Saturday and Sunday in Ann Arbor.

Erl Foster and Ernest Cook were Pinckney visitors Saturday.

Rev. and Mrs. E. L. Killam of Milan spent Wednesday at this place.

G. D. Burkhardt of Perry is spending this week with his brother, Orin.

Miss Fannie Crawford of Owosso spent a couple of days of this week here.

D. M. Joslyn of Adrian, deputy bank commissioner, was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. G. J. Crowell and daughter, Mrs. D. H. Wurster, were Detroit visitors this week.

Miss Nettie E. Hoover of Ypsilanti was the guest of her parents here several days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Watts of Dansville were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. Parker several days of this week.

Miss Lena Foster is in Adrian this week attending commencement exercises at St. Joseph's college from which institution her sister, Edith, graduates.

Miss Mollie Hazle of Ann Arbor closed her year of school in district No. 8, Plusfield township, with a picnic on Friday last and is spending her summer vacation among friends here.

Messrs. Geo. A. Battelle, Hiram Lighthall and Geo. E. Davis attended a Knights of Pythias school of instruction at Jackson Saturday night. On Sunday they attended the K. of P. memorial services at the same place.

S. M. R. C. Reception.

The S. M. R. C. held its last meeting at the home of Mrs. O. W. Palmer, Monday evening. It took the form of a reception to the members and their friends, and was a very enjoyable occasion. The following program was carried out: Piano Duet, Mesdames Kempf and Keenan (Greeting). Mrs. Gorman Quartette. Mesdames Congdon, Kempf, Cummings and Keenan Recitation, "Farmer Gray's Photograph." Miss Nellie Hall Duet, Mesdames Congdon and Cummings Paper, "Women as Soldiers." Mrs. Mollie Recitation, "The Irish Woman's Letter." Mrs. J. S. Edmunds Quartette. Mesdames Congdon, Kempf, Cummings and Keenan

Real Estate Transfers.

Byron Harbeck to Herman Ortring, Chelsea \$100.

Herman Ortring and wife to Chas. W. Heister et al. Chelsea \$200.

James Gibney and wife to Julia A. Gibney, Lyndon \$1.

Julia A. Gibney to James and Hanna Gibney, Lyndon \$1.

John G. Edwards to E. J. Coy et al., Lima \$2,000.

Hollo G. Goodrich to Eva Rogers, Saline \$100.

Franklin C. Parker to Wm. H. Clancy, Chelsea \$1.

Eliza Pray to Maud Lemon, Northfield \$125.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of its merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by Glazier & Robinson druggists.

HOT WEATHER CLOTHING

Every man you meet these days is loaded to the brim these days with "how it ought to be done." The very atmosphere is loaded with "theories," until you enter our store then it is facts. Pleasant facts. Profitable facts. Now we would impress upon the public the fact that we have the largest assortment of well made, best fitting, the latest styles in cut and material of HOT WEATHER CLOTHING ever shown in Chelsea. There is not a shoddy made garment in the entire lot. Every garment is made upon honor, and will please all, both in material, cut, make and style. We are offering

Men's Alpaca Coats \$1.50 to \$2.50.

Men's Serge Coats and Vests, in blue, brown and gray from \$3.50 to \$6.00.

Crash Suits, every garment is well made and best to fit at \$3.00, \$4.00, \$5.00 and \$6.00 per suit.

STRAW HATS

For every one. All kinds and styles. Prices lower than ever.

Men's and Boy's Crash Hats, the largest stock in Chelsea to select from and the prices range from 25c to \$1.00.

Ladies' and Children's Crash hats and caps 25c to \$1.00.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR

Ladies' and Misses' Ribbed Summer Underwear, every garment is well made and we are offering them at

5c, 10c, 15c and 25c per garment.

Men's Bulbriggan underwear. Try the best bargain ever offered in Chelsea and we are offering them at

25 cents per garment.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In our Dry Goods Department we have some of the most reasonable and rarest bargains ever offered in Chelsea. Every article we offer in this department is of this season's manufacture and styles and we have just received them. These goods were bought cheap and we shall sell them accordingly.

2 Bales of Regular 70 sheeting at 5c.

1 case Cantor Cord Organdies, ordinarily sold at 10c, our price 5 cents.

Regular 15c Organdies, all this season's styles at 10 cents

1 case best quality, fast colors, Turkey Red Prints 4c.

Palm Leaf Fans 1 cent each.

SUMMER CORSETS

Summer Corsets sold every where from 35 cents 39 cents. Our price for the next two weeks 25 cents.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

WISE OR OTHERWISE!

A wise man always buys where he can save, even though it is but a cent or two. The way to so save is by buying

Groceries, Provisions, Teas, Coffees, Spices, Flour, Feed and Hay, And Vegetables, and Fruits of every kind at our store.

We always pay the highest market price for Butter, Eggs and all kinds of Farm Produce.

H. L. WOOD & CO.

BRUSHES.

Pins, Needles, Threads, Shoe strings, Tooth Brushes, Hand Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Hair Brushes, Scrub Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Stove Brushes, Brass Brushes, Good Brushes. All kinds of Brushes at

JOHN FARRELL'S PURE FOOD STORE.

TEA

Is higher in the markets of the UNITED STATES.

The war revenue bill which places an additional tax of 10c per pound on all TEAS is now a law.

"We are in it" with a fair stock of choice TEAS and for the present will sell at our old prices. Now is the time to buy good TEA at the OLD PRICES.

We are also selling Gasoline at 9 cents per gallon.

Jackson Gem Flour at 75 cent per sack.

17 pounds Fine Granulated Sugar for \$1.00.

Finest Full Cream Cheese 11 cents.

Good Cream Cheese 10 cents.

Fruit Jars, the best quality, extra heavy caps and rubbers.

Best Rolled Oats 8 pounds for 25 cents.

Pure Spices and Extracts.

We carry a large and complete stock of Crockery, Lamps and Glassware. Get our prices on Crockery before you buy.

Our prices make it expensive to trade elsewhere

FREEMAN'S

BICYCLES

AT

YOUR OWN PRICE.

That is the way we are now closing them out.

Chelsea Manufacturing Co.

Office near Depot.

DEFENSES IN RUINS.

RAMPRON SHELLS FORTIFICATIONS OF SANTIAGO.

American Warships Throw a Furious Torrent of Deadly Projectiles-Spaniards Admit Serious Damage and Loss-Landing of Troops Under Fire.

Spanish Guns Silenced.

Washington special: The news from Santiago Tuesday was of a stirring character. The bombardment of the fortifications at the mouth of the harbor, which began on Saturday, was resumed Monday morning at 7.30, and continued until 11 o'clock. Evidently the attack was intended to cover the landing, probably of marines, from the fleet, whose purpose it was to establish a depot and supplies and store guns, communicate with the insurgents, and prepare the way for the invasion by the army.

The battle-ship Oregan, who would send as torpedoes as possible, reported to the Spanish Government that six American warships had bombarded the fortifications and Santiago, but that the damage was "unimportant," though he conceded that six men were killed and sixteen wounded on the Reina Mercedes, which would indicate that important damage was inflicted upon that cruiser and that three officers were killed and eighteen soldiers wounded, probably in the engagement with the marines. Admiral Sampson, on the other hand, notified the Navy Department that the forts were



GENERAL DON ARSENIO LINAREZ. Commander of the Spanish troops at Santiago.

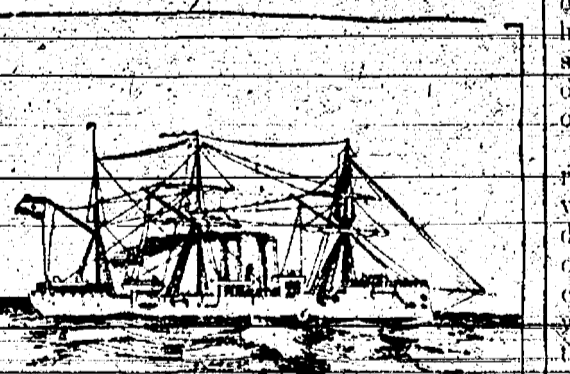
bombarded and "entirely silenced," which would not have been the case had the damage been important, as asserted by the Spanish admiral. It is evident there were no casualties on our side or any damage to the fleet, or he would have been likely to mention them.

Other and unconfirmed reports state that immense damage was inflicted upon the enemy, that the cruiser Reina Mercedes was badly crippled, and that the Morro, Bocapa and Punta Garcia forts were substantially demolished. The havoc wrought by the fleet is further demonstrated by the successful landing of the marines, which appears to have been made at Aguadada, a little to the east of the entrance of the bay. The forts being silenced and the Spanish fleet bottled up it will be possible to land the troops, which are already on the sea, and make a close attack upon Santiago.

Admiral Sampson does not seem to be happy unless he can give his men daily practice in gunnery at the expense of Spanish fortifications. Nothing gratifies him and his sailors more than to see masonry and earthworks melting away before the irresistible impact of huge shells. Having made, last night, the defenses of Santiago harbor Monday and sink the Reina Mercedes, five of its sailors and twenty-nine of its marines being killed, as the Spaniards admit, he turned his attention Tuesday to the defenses of Guanabacoa, the first important harbor to the east of Santiago de Cuba.

Five American vessels, including the Oregan, were engaged in the bombardment of these defenses, so energetically that they were annihilated. The demoralized Spaniards are reported to have evacuated the positions held by them and to have given orders for the burning of the town of Guanabacoa, which lies near the entrance to the bay, in case the Americans attempted to occupy it. The sole object of Tuesday's operations, however, was to cut the cable at Guanabacoa and thus complete the isolation of Santiago.

Wednesday Admiral Sampson resumed operations at Santiago. After working



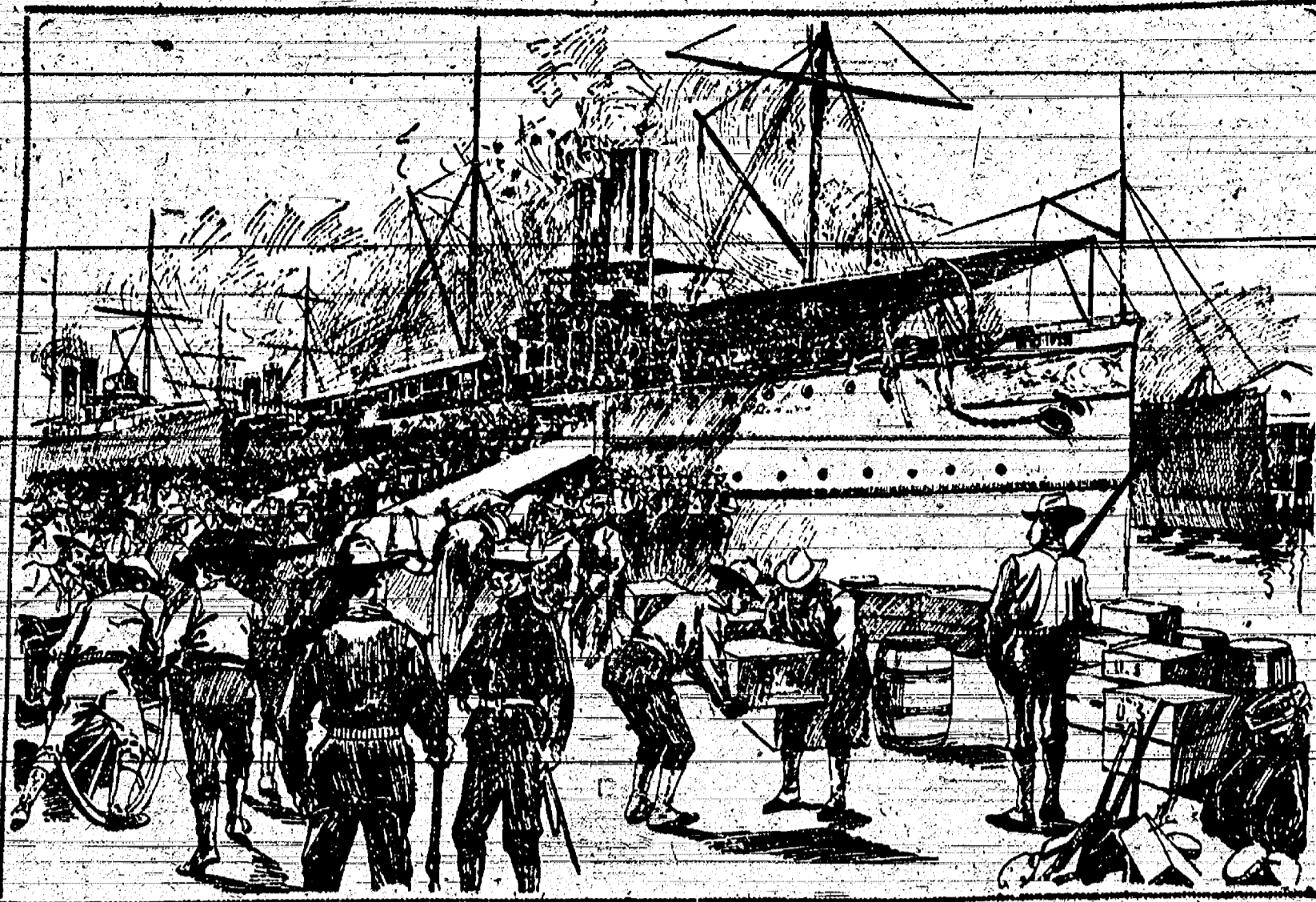
REINA MERCEDES.

The Spaniards by a heavy artillery fire landed some of his marines, and they, acting in conjunction with the insurgents, threatened the Spanish at several points. They succeeded in capturing a fort which controls the bay of Aguadada and hoisted the Stars and Stripes there. Artillery was landed and the captured position strongly fortified. The Spanish troops fought in a half-hearted way and a few regiments of American soldiers had been on the ground they would have made short work of the enemy and of Santiago. The stories of heavy American losses are untrue. The insurgents under Gen. Garcia are doing good work. So will those under Gomez when American soldiers back them up.

Had News for the Holders. In answer to numerous inquiries on the subject, it is officially announced that the Government and not the States will pay all volunteer troops for the time between the dates of enlistment and muster. This means a considerable loss to the men.

Bryan Expects to Go to Cuba. The Bryan silver battalion of Nebraska has been formally offered to the War Department and is expected to be mustered in and sent South within ten days. Mr. Bryan will be the commander of the regiment.

UNITED STATES TROOPS BOARDING TRANSPORTS AT TAMPA.



UNDER A HOT FIRE.

WAR NEWS IN BRIEF.

Gov. Pingree has offered to shoe Michigan soldiers. Gen. Blane has given notice to all correspondents to keep out of Cuba. Mr. Knight, the London Times correspondent, has been released from Havana.

An auxiliary mortar fleet will probably be organized to bombard Havana fortifications. Advice from Gen. Garcia of the Cuban army indicates that he has 10,000 men in his command.

Spain will issue a perpetual interest note of a thousand million pesetas to secure creditors. Forty Krupp guns have been smuggled from Germany through France into Spain as kitchen furniture.

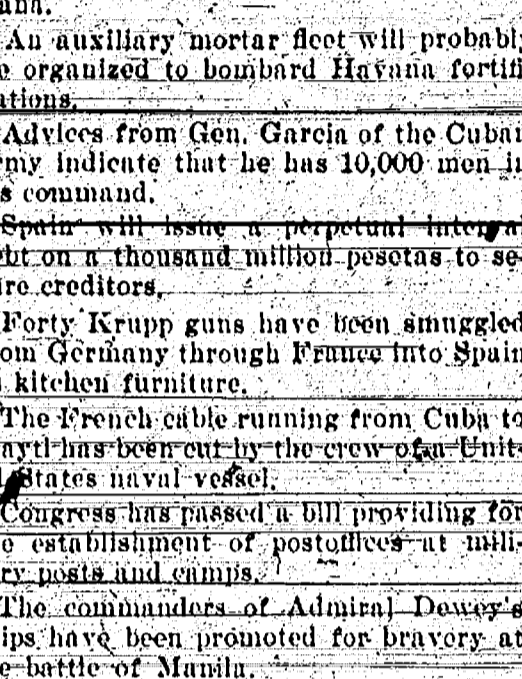
The French cable running from Cuba to Havre has been cut by the crew of an United States naval vessel. Congress has passed a bill providing for the establishment of postoffices at military posts and camps.

The commanders of Admiral Dewey's ships have been promoted for bravery at the battle of Manila. Owing to the difficulty in shipping horses so far, it is likely that no cavalry will be sent to the Philippines.

William A. Pinkerton, the famous detective, has been called into Government service to hunt down Spanish spies. Soldiers have a special mail-service privilege that most of them are not aware of. When they mail a letter without postage prepaid the letter will be forwarded with

BEARS THE SICK.

Suffering Tars Brought by Ambulance Ship Solace. The ambulance ship Solace, with the Red Cross flag flying at her masthead, came into port at New York, having on board fifty-four wounded and sick, some of whom had been transferred from the American warships in Cuban waters and others taken from the hospitals at Key West. The Solace anchored off Tompkinsville, Staten Island. She made the run to New York without incident excepting



HOSPITAL SHIP SOLACE.

for a gale which tumbled her about a bit and made things to some extent uncomfortable for the patients she carried. But the sea voyaging was a tonic to the men. They had left behind the sweltering heat of the tropics, had exchanged suffocating and exhausting winds for refreshing breezes, many were nearing home, all at least were to rest in the heart of the great country they had been fighting for.

SMASHED BY OREGON'S SHELL.

Sinking of the Spanish Destroyer Terror Off Santiago. The Spanish torpedo boat destroyer Terror and her crew of sixty men lie at the bottom of the sea, sent there by a single shell from a thirteen-inch gun of the battleship Oregan. Not a sign of the vessel has been seen since she tried to run into Santiago Monday night. That she was destroyed with all hands there is no practical doubt. That the destroyed vessel was the Terror, left behind at Martiniques, since reported at Porto Rico, and trying to rejoin Admiral Cervera, is probable.

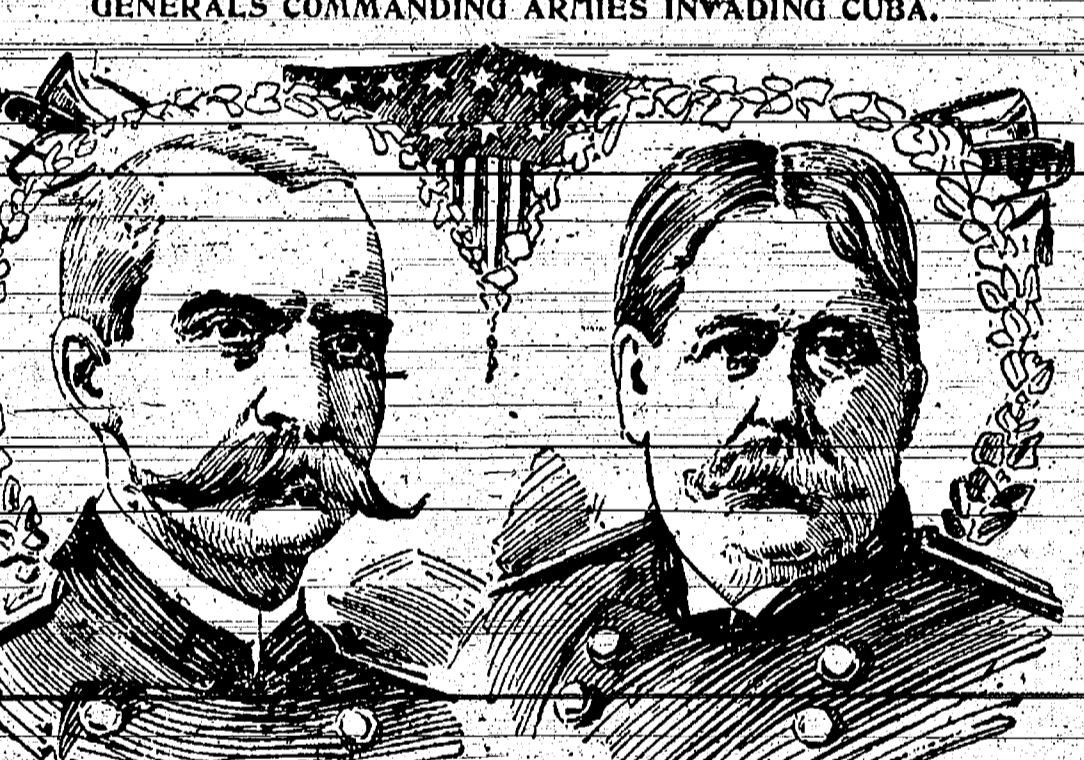
She was first detected by the New Orleans, which was at gun point at the eastern end of the blockading fleet. The New Orleans threw her searchlight on the stranger, but the latter slipped from under its beams. The New York and the Massachusetts, which were next in line, signaled, and the alarm was passed to all the fleet. The blockading vessels were ordered to close in and the New York, Brooklyn and Oregon steamed toward the shore in pursuit. The Spaniard was still crowding on all speed and hugging the shore, and was now only a mile from the Cuban entrance. But the New York's full across her path, and escape was impossible. Then the Oregon got the range after several efforts. A 13-inch shell from the Oregon struck the plucky Spanish craft full amidships. The chase was ended, and the Spanish vessel was only a tangled mass of steel on the sea bottom. The searchlights showed only black water where the fugitive had been. The guns, which had waked the echoes of the cliffs for nearly an hour, were silent. The midnight tragedy of which some three score Spanish sailors were victims was ended, and the American warships moved out to sea. The Maine had been remembered.

ON TO PORTO RICO.

An Invasion of the Island Has Been Determined Upon. The campaign against Porto Rico has been determined upon. The expedition which started from Tampa goes into sections, one to land on the north coast, not far from San Juan, and the other on the south coast at Ponce, which has a fine harbor and a military road connecting it with San Juan. Ponce is about seventy-five miles from San Juan, but this military road runs through the best portion of the island, and troops marching that way would elude all Spanish garrisons found in the towns in the interior. They could also gather up many insurgents to swell the army into formidable proportions by the time it reached San Juan. It is expected that such a campaign will destroy Spain's hold on Porto Rico completely by the time San Juan is bombarded and the campaign completed. A surrender is probable.

Plan to Mendicite Manila. A Paris correspondent says that peace negotiations are being carried on in secret. There is reason to believe that France and the United States are exchanging views as to the expediency of subjecting the American conquests in the far East to European sanction.

Information from Madrid is to the effect that Caetilo, the Spanish ambassador to France, has been instructed to use all efforts to bring about intervention by the powers.



GEN. JOHN J. COPPINGER. GEN. WM. B. SHAFTER.

they did not hear the guns, but could tell by the flashes of the hotness of the fire. The current was running out of the harbor and as the Merrimac lay at anchor she swung lazily around with it. Every thing was open and she had begun to fill before she was broadside in the passage. Hobson and his men waited patiently until they could drop another anchor, this one from the stern, so that it would hold her directly across the passage. She was so long that there was only thirty-one feet of channel on each side that she did not occupy.

Hobson and his men lunched the life raft and dropped down on board it, taking with them the wires with which the torpedoes were to be exploded. The thunder of the shore batteries and the rattle and clash of musketry continued. The water was foaming with the commotion made by the shells and bullets. Hobson and his men floated down stream 150 yards, dragging the wires out after them. This was

the distance for the contract to be made and it was then done. The water about the Merrimac was lifted up by the explosion and when it had settled again the ship was at the bottom of the passage.

The Sunken Reina Mercedes. The Reina Mercedes, admitted by the authorities in Madrid to have been sunk by the American fleet in Santiago bay, was a cruiser that had been dismantled and which was used as a defense vessel. Her cruising armament had been greatly strengthened. The Mercedes was poked by a 13-inch shell from one of Uncle Sam's battleships, and the Madrid reports describe the shell as doing terrible destruction. It disabled her machinery and killed sixty of her crew and one of her officers.

Fired 1,000 Projectiles. The Spaniards admit that the bombardment at Santiago Monday from the American fleet was most destructive. About 1,000 projectiles were said to have been fired by the American warships, and it seems that the responsive fire from the Spanish force and ships was scarcely felt at all by the Americans.

A giant torpedo boat is to be built by Russia at St. Petersburg. It will be of 1,500 tons, or about four times the displacement of the largest torpedo boat destroyers.



COMMODORE GEORGE C. REMEY.

Commanding Naval Base of Supplies at Key West and Havre, cutting off communication with France, if Spanish agents in the French possessions persist in using it for the production of business with Madrid.

The United States hospital relief ship, now undergoing transformation at the Brooklyn navy yard, will, when finished, be the first boat of the kind ever put afloat.

Mrs. L. Z. Zeller of Chicago has purchased the Grosvenor Springs Hotel at Chetek, Wis., and will present it to the Government to be used as a military hospital.

President Love of the Philadelphia branch of the Universal Peace Union has issued an explanation of the letter of sympathy sent by him to the Queen Regent of Spain.

BIG LOSS OF LIFE.

Belief that Scores of Spaniards Perished at Santiago. There is scarcely any doubt that much greater damage than was at first supposed was inflicted upon the Spaniards in Santiago harbor during Sampson's bombardment. Many shells are believed to have fallen into the city itself, and when all the facts are known after the port has fallen into Admiral Sampson's hands it will probably be found that the loss of life was very great.

The bombarding vessels formed in two divisions, the one under Rear Admiral Sampson being led by the flagship New York. This division turned eastward in front of the harbor, the flagship being followed by the battleships Oregon and Iowa, the cruiser New Orleans, the Dolphin and the Yonker. The other division, under Commodore Schley on the Brooklyn, turned eastward with the battleships Massachusetts and Texas, the cruiser Marblehead, the Yvon and the Suyoano following in the order named.

From all these vessels there was a terrific fire for nearly three hours. The torpedoes on the western entrance to the harbor are on a crest 180 feet above the water. This high elevation made them difficult to hit, but the entire hill was plover up by the heavy shells. In many cases the shells are known to have passed over the hill and undoubtedly struck the city itself, as well as the shipping in the harbor. Thirty-four shells were fired from the Iowa's 12-inch guns and thirty-eight shells from her 8-inch guns. There were a few shots from her secondary battery. Other vessels engaged in the bombardment fired a proportionate number of shots, and as every one was well aimed the damage done must have been tremendous.

VAULT ARMY MOVING.

Twenty-six Thousand Men Under Gen. Shafter Hauled to Santiago. The last of the first expedition to Cuba left Tampa Monday night, forty-six transports carrying 26,000 men with horses, wagons, artillery, siege guns and all necessary equipments and supplies for a campaign of six months. Gen. Shafter is in command. Twenty thousand troops went from Mobile. Assuming that forty-six transports can take 20,000 men to Cuba in seven days, and giving them three days to unload and four days to get back to Tampa, which is a very short time, two weeks will be used up in the round trip. It will require another week for them to take on the second load and seven days more to land in Cuba, on ten days if they are going to Porto Rico. The present fleet of transports will therefore require at least fifteen weeks, or until the middle of September, to transfer 100,000 men, or one-third of our army, across the Gulf Stream.

SPANIARDS BEATEN AT MANILA.

Insurgents Under Aguinaldo Take Many Prisoners. Advice received from Manila show that the rebels are gradually surrounding the city. They attacked the Spaniards at San Francisco de Malabon on May 31, and the fighting has been continuous since. The Spanish garrison has been driven back with severe losses. It is stated that rebels have captured several towns. They have captured and are holding as prisoners the governors of the provinces of Cavite and Batangas. A spy who is in the camp of the Americans, says that Captain General August wanted his officers opposed such action, and persuaded him to make a further resistance. One Spanish regiment has mutinied, and shot some of the officers.

MCKINLEY'S TERMS OF PEACE.

Will Demand Possession of Puerto Rico, Manila and Cavite. The terms upon which the President is now reported to be willing to negotiate peace with Spain, and which are said to be generally acceptable to the Senators who must ratify the treaty before it can have effect, include, aside from the establishment of a stable and independent government in Cuba, the possession of Porto Rico as a war indemnity and full payment for all claims for damages by American citizens against Spain, a naval base in the Ladrones islands and one in the Caroline islands.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The new recruits are now to be used as fillers. Having fillers, as it were, Pittsburgh Post.

Gen. Blanco's proclamations hereafter will circulate only in the home study circles. Milwaukee Sentinel.

If the board of strategy could operate both sides of the game it would soon wind up this war. Philadelphia Ledger.

The Jack Astor battery will be mounted on mules. This comes perilously close to being a very bad pun. Boston Herald.

This nation may be divided into parties at ordinary elections, but not when it comes to the flag pole. Philadelphia Times.

The President would issue a call for 75,000 colonists, the order would be filled in an hour or two. Memphis Commercial Appeal.

According to the Spanish Government privateering is piracy only when it is the other fellow who gets caught at it. Boston Globe.

We don't want the Philippines—that is, most of us don't, but some of us are waiting to be coaxed to take them. Philadelphia Ledger.

Mr. Johnson's name will give the war poets something to think about without words to express their thoughts. Milwaukee Sentinel.

One embarrassing problem has been solved for Cervera. He will not have to worry any longer over how he is to obtain coal. Kansas City Journal.

Germany's emperor is in that attitude that with his hat off he doesn't know whether to throw it up for America or begin talking through it. Philadelphia Times.

The heroes whose names are conspicuous in the papers now should cut out the favorable notices and postcards they may never appear again. Philadelphia Ledger.

A study of the war operations thus far yields the conclusion that the strategy of the naval commanders is the only one that would be their own own judgment. Kansas City Journal.

Appetite--Strength

Without the Firm You Cannot Have the Last. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives both. It creates the stomach and gives digestive power, creates an appetite and imparts the system. By making the blood rich and pure it strengthens the nerves and gives refreshing sleep.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Hood's Pills are the favorite cathartic.

No Patriotism in China.

As for the patriotism of the Chinese, if it ever existed, it is unquestionably a thing of the past. At the time of the war with Japan, China had two squadrons, the main or northern squadron, with headquarters at Port Arthur and Wollhal, and the southern squadron, composed of the Armstrong cruisers of gunboats and torpedo boats. As it was clear that the Japanese would carry the war into Manchuria and toward the Gulf of Pechell, the southern squadron was ordered to proceed northward and to re-enforce the northern fleet. Far from obeying the commanding admiral and his officers decided that, being a great deal safer in the south, they would quietly remain there, and go up a river, the entrance of which could be defended by torpedo mines, which they hurried to lay. Why, in the name of Confucius, should they have exposed themselves for the sake of defending the northern provinces? About the same time the Chinese government, being in need of money to carry on the war, decided that a small tax would be imposed upon the tea plantations, most of whose proprietors, are wealthy, or at least well-to-do people. But these patriotic citizens, in order to avoid paying that small tax, begged the foreign merchants to take the plantations in their names. Illustrated American.

AN OPERATION AVOIDED.

The art of being able to make a good use of moderate abilities wins esteem, and often confers more reputation than real merit. Rochefoucauld.

Mrs. Rosa Gaum Writes to Mrs. Pinkham About It. She Says:

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I take pleasure in writing you a few lines to inform you of the good your Vegetable Compound has done me. I cannot thank you enough for what your medicine has done for me; it has, indeed, helped me wonderfully. For years I was troubled with an ovarian tumor, each year growing worse, until at last I was compelled to consult with a physician. He said nothing could be done for me but to go under an operation.

In speaking with a friend of mine about it, she recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, saying she knew it would cure me. I then sent for your medicine, and after taking three bottles of it, the tumor disappeared. Oh! you do not know how much good your medicine has done me. I shall recommend it to all suffering women.—Mrs. Rosa Gaum, 729 Wall St., Los Angeles, Cal.

The great and unvarying success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in relieving every derangement of the female organs, demonstrates it to be the modern safeguard of woman's happiness and bodily strength. More than a million women have been benefited by it.

Every woman who needs advice about her health is invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass.

SYRUP OF FIGS



NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

Is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guarantee of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not grip or nauseate. In order to get the beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

San Francisco, Cal. LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

PENSIONS DOUBLE

8000 Gps. 77ABELL, Franklin Ave., Washington, D.C.

How Old She Looks

Poor clothes cannot make you look old. Even pale cheeks won't do it. Your household cares may be heavy and disappointments may be deep, but they cannot make you look old.

One thing does it and never fails. It is impossible to look young with the color of seventy years in your hair.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

permanently postpones the tell-tale signs of age. Used according to directions it gradually brings back the color of youth. At fifty your hair may look as if it did at fifteen. It thickens the hair also; stops it from falling out; and cleanses the scalp from dandruff. Shall we send you our book on the Hair and its Diseases?

The Best Advice Free. If you do not obtain the book, you can get it from the use of the Vigor. Write the doctor about it. It costs nothing. It is sent without charge. Write your name and address on a separate sheet. Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

The Cleyer Artist. Not infrequently the art student falls in arrears for the rent of even his airy perch on the "sixties," and landlords have scant sympathy for beings who can "soar to the empyrean," but can't pay cash. One young man, six months in arrears, knew that his landlord was keeping a watchful eye on his trunk, which stood opposite the door, feeling sure that while it was there the owner would not depart. Our artist painted a portrait of his trunk on the wall opposite the door, and in the night took himself and his belongings quietly away. His work was missed for several days. Good work, something very very illustrative ends.—Catholic World.

Can Our Coast Be Blockaded? If confidence can be felt in the opinion of military and naval officers at the seat of Government, such is the extent of our sea coast that to blockade it effectively seems impossible. When a blockade of the bays exists, reflects it with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which also cures indigestion, malaria, rheumatism and kidney trouble.

An Usual. She, Julie and Joe are engaged, but they have decided to keep their engagement a secret. Julie told me so. He—Yes, I know it; Joe told me—Youkers, Statesman.

Among the many expenses borne by railroad companies the ice bill figures quite prominently. For instance, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad it is expected it will take over 50,000 tons of ice this year to meet the requirements of the service. The greater portion is used in connection with shipment of perishable goods, the balance in the passenger train service. A great deal of this ice is put up by the company in its own ice houses, but as the past winter has been so warm, a very large proportion will have to be purchased.

The real difference between men is energy. A strong will, a settled purpose, an invincible determination, can accomplish almost anything, and in this lies the distinction between great men and little men.—Fowler.

Lan's Family Medicine Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

At a recent Western wedding the wedding march was whistled by twelve girl friends of the bride.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP

It is a curious fact that when the Spaniards have a reverse their bonds go up in price on the French bourse, and whenever there is a gleam of encouragement for them they go down. This phenomenon is explained by the brokers on the theory that Spain is whipped already and the expectation that she will realize the fact and throw up her hands every time we hit her. The shorter the war, the better it will be for the finances of the Spaniards, and the sooner she can recover her prospects. If the war is protracted the bondholders know that she will be ruined and their securities will be worthless.

The Secretary of the Treasury is ready to issue the new bonds the moment the President approves the revenue bill. He has been so confident the bond feature would be retained that the work of preparation has been going on for weeks. The advertisements and announcements are all prepared and in type, ready to be printed as soon as the exact phraseology of the day is known; the plates are engraved, ready to be turned over to the printer; a moment's notice and all the machinery for placing the bonds in the hands of the public is organized and adjusted for immediate use.

Orders were issued from the War Department on one day last week for the purchase by the quartermaster's department of more than \$1,000,000 worth of clothing and other supplies, including 50,000 standard army trousers and 50,000 fatigue coats or blouses, estimated to cost \$200,000; 225,000 drawers and 225,000 undershirts, estimated to cost \$100,000; 40,000 shelter tents, \$80,000; 300 hospital tents, \$10,000; 15,000 wall tents, \$30,000; 8,000 conical tents, \$70,000; 600 sets company books and 70 sets regimental books, \$10,000; and 25,000 mosquito head nets.

The conference committee on the sundry civil appropriation bill has effectually settled the dispute in the bureau of engraving and printing over the use of steam presses and has inserted in the law a provision that "all bonds, notes, checks, etc., shall be printed by hand." This is a triumph for the labor organizations that have been fighting against the introduction of steam presses and labor-saving machinery in the printing establishments of the Government for several years.

There is not the slightest concern felt at the Navy Department about the fleet of Admiral Camara. Semi-official information from the most trustworthy sources, which comes through diplomatic channels, reports that the fleet is incapable of crossing the Atlantic, and much less so of reaching Manila. There is not enough coal within reach of Admiral Camara to carry his ships 3,000 miles, and, what is more important, it is impossible for him to get more.

Unless it is decided to take up the Hawaiian question Congress will be able to adjourn soon, and serious conferences are going on daily on this subject. The President is anxious to have the amendment resolution adopted at once. He objects to a postponement until next winter because that will be a short session and the resolutions can be defeated by filibustering. The friends of annexation are willing to stay now and fight it out.

Substantial recognition will be awarded Constructor Hobson for his heroic conduct in the harbor of Santiago, but promotion is to be deferred until that young officer's wishes have been consulted. The choice is open to him of continuing in the construction corps, with increased pay and responsibility, or of being jumped over the heads of other officers to the rank of lieutenant or full lieutenant or possibly lieutenant commander.

At the close of office hours on Saturday the Adjutant General issued the returns of the military officers and found that there were 847 men on the first call for 125,000 uniforms. Iowa had behind 1,040 men—Kentucky, 1,238; Alabama, 1,355; Mississippi, 1,000; and North Carolina, 1,000.

To give some idea of the quantity of goods necessary to supply an army, it may be stated that there have already been delivered to the quartermaster at Tampa 92,000 tents, 35,000 blankets, 127,000 pairs of shoes, 207,000 pairs of socks, 142,000 undershirts, 142,000 drawers and 60,000 suits of uniform.

The Secretary of State has received a very interesting report from United States Consul Smith at Moscow concerning a recent meeting of the engineers in charge of the construction of the great Siberian railway. He shows that the entire expenditure up to date on that enterprise has been \$188,011,038.

The agents of the Panama, the Catalina, the Buena Ventura and other Spanish ships that were seized in Cuban waters and held as contraband of war by the prize courts at Key West have pooled their issues and will carry a test appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States.

There is a good deal of talk in congressional circles about sending Admiral Camara to capture the Canary Islands and cruise around the coast of Spain. But it is only a suggestion as to what might be done by the Spaniards refuse to throw up their hands after Santiago and Porto Rico are taken.

While it is impossible to obtain any definite information from the war board, those who are in the habit of talking with the President on those subjects believe that our fleets are more likely to attack Cadix than Havana if the Spaniards do not surrender when Porto Rico falls.

ALWAYS WEAK ON THE SEA.

Spain Has Never Shown Much Capacity in the Arts of Naval Warfare. Spain is not and never was a sea-fighting power. She has won no naval victory since the battle of Lepanto three centuries and a quarter ago, and that was won largely by Venetian crews. Even when her power and wealth seemed irretrievable, when her military reputation was at its height, when the world was strewn with her territories and the ocean laden with her argosies and fleets, her naval power was utterly incommensurate with the astonishing pretensions which it made. As soon as England and Holland laid a finger on it her maritime empire crumbled into dust. She admitted only revealed a fact which English sailors long suspected, and the consciousness of which explains Drake's sublime contempt for the menaces of Spain—the fact that, even at the zenith of their fame, the Spaniards had no mastery of the arts by which the sea is held, says the *Minneapolis Times*.

Since Lepanto Spain has on the ocean fought England, Holland, Italy, some of the various combinations of the German states and nearly every other country of Europe, small and great, and most of the nations of Central and South America, but she has won no battle which has had the faintest effect toward bettering her own fortunes, or which has altered in the slightest degree the general current of history.

For more than 300 years Spain's conduct in its naval wars has been below contempt. In the battle of Trafalgar in 1805, the last of the more important battles in which Spain has participated, Nelson made short work of the Spanish fleet, the only serious resistance offered to him in the battle being by Spain's French allies. To-day her gunners and engineers are confessedly the worst in Europe. It would be little short of a miracle if it should turn out that within the last two decades Spain had bred a race of seamen capable of reversing the unvarying misfortunes of the past.

WOMEN IN BUSINESS.

From the *Free Press*, Detroit, Mich. A prominent business man recently expressed the opinion that there is one thing still preventing women from completely filling man's place in the business world—they can't be depended upon because they are sick too often. This is refuted by Mrs. C. W. Mansfield, a business woman of 68 Parrish street, Detroit, Mich., who says: "A complication of female ailments kept me awake nights and wore me out. I could get no relief from medicine and hope was slipping away from me. A young lady in my employ gave me a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I took them and was able to rest at night for the first time in months. I thought never and took them and they cured me as they also cured several other people to my knowledge. I think that if you should ask any of the druggists of Detroit who are the best buyers of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, they would say the young women. These pills certainly build up the nervous system and make a young woman over her life to them. As a business woman I am pleased to recommend them as they did more for me than any physician, and I can give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to the Pale People credit for my general good health to-day." No discovery of modern times has done so much to enable women to take their proper place in life by safeguarding their health as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Acting directly on the blood and nerves, invigorating the body, regulating the functions, they restore the strength and health to the exhausted woman when every effort of the physician proves unavailing. For neuritis, locomotor ataxia, and other diseases long supposed incurable, these pills have proved their efficacy in thousands of cases.

Public Documents. All public documents are sold by the British Government nothing is given away. If you want a copy of a bill or report you must buy it from the official printers, and you have to pay postage if it is sent through the mails. In our country nearly all official documents of this kind are given away, and are sent free through the mails under a frank. The British plan seems to be the more sensible. It saves millions of dollars every year that are wasted in the United States to furnish public documents to people who do not care anything for them, and who throw them into the waste-paper basket as soon as they are received.

Shake Into Your Shoes. Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for aching, swollen and hot feet. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package free. Address Allen S. Outlet, Le Roy, N. Y.

The value of all the gold, silver, copper, iron, coal and lead mined every year in America is exceeded by the products of the forests. Even the combined wheat and cotton crop is less in value than the forest products.

Coughing Leads to Consumption. Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

No man ever offended his own conscience, but first of that it was wronged upon him for it.—South.

The normal temperature of 98.6 is 77 degrees.



A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the celebrated ELASTIC STARCH (Flat Iron Brand). To induce you to try this brand of starch, so that you may find out for yourself that all claims for its superiority and economy are true, the makers have had prepared, at great expense, a series of three

GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in the manner specified. The subjects are:

- American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant, English Quail, English Snipe.

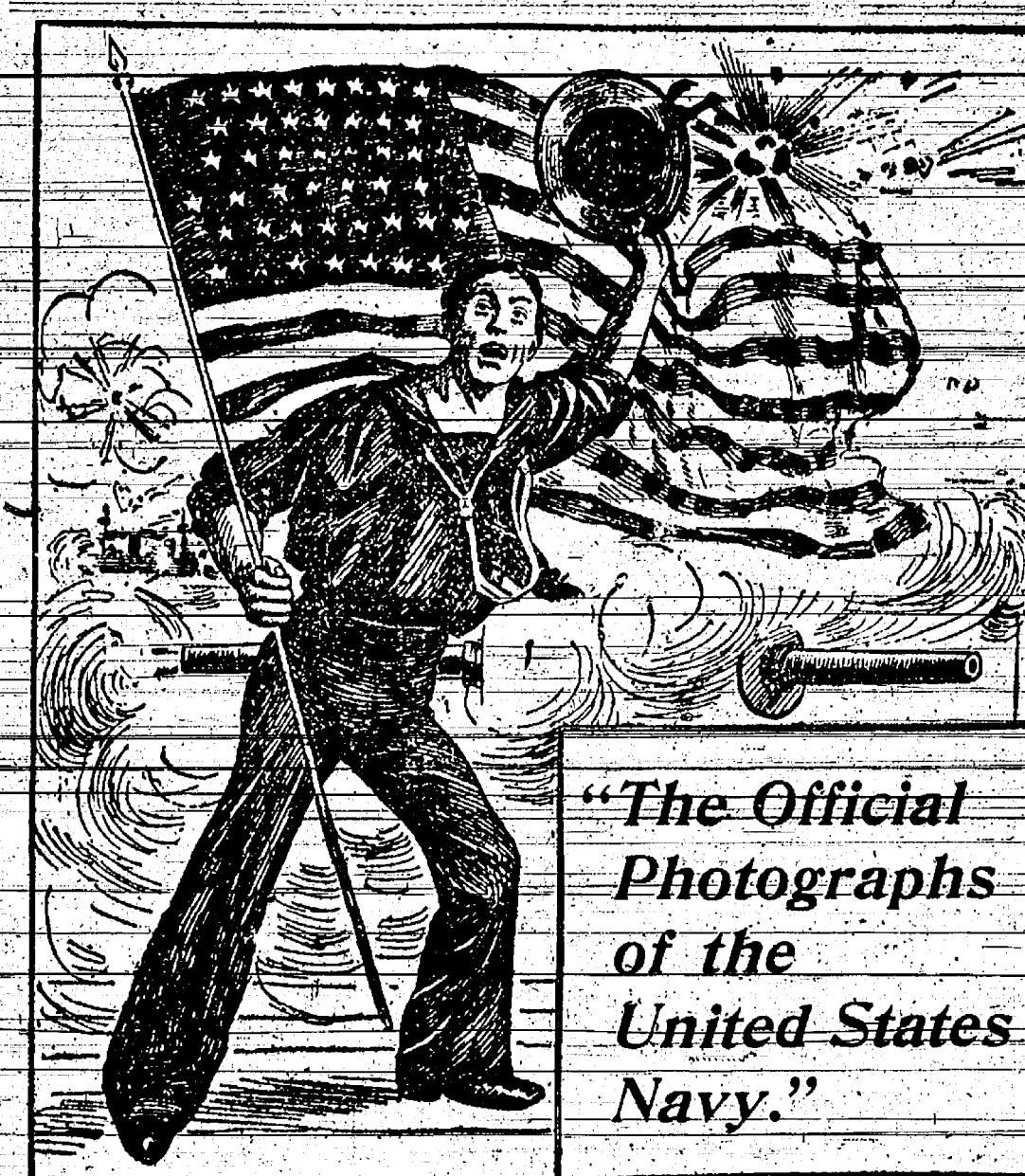
The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years. TWENTY-TWO MILLION packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is. ASK YOUR DEALER to show you the plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute.

How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch (Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to receive from their grocer one of these beautiful Game Plaques free. The plaques will not be sent by mail. They can be obtained only from your grocer. Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch. Do not delay. This offer is for a short time only.



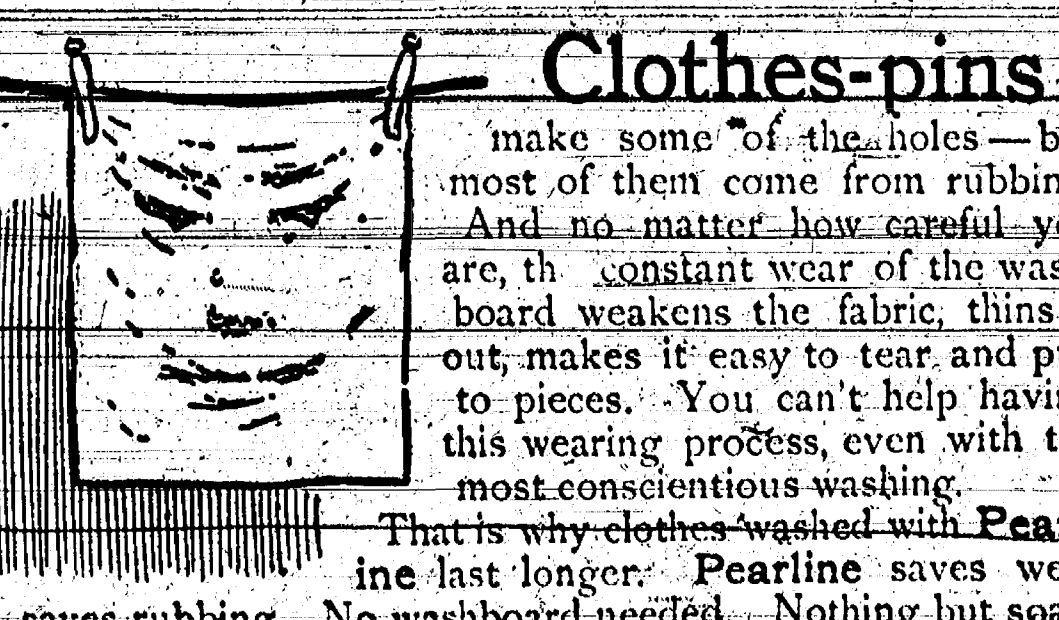
"The Official Photographs of the United States Navy."

WAR PICTURES

Over 200 views of battleships, gunboats, monitors, torpedo boats, torpedo boat destroyers, cruisers, rams, dynamite cruisers, and other war craft, besides portraits of prominent Army and Navy Officers, including a complete description of the construction, speed, and armament of each boat, together with a large, authentic, colored map of the East and West Indies, by the aid of which the reader can not only form an accurate estimate of our naval strength, but follow the movements of the contending fleets. The work includes over 20 views of the Maine taken before the disaster in Havana harbor, showing portraits of the officers and crew, and supplemented by photographs taken after the explosion, depicting the divers at their work, and other incidents in connection with this sad and memorable event. A souvenir to treasure after the war is over. Remit in silver or by money order.

Price 25 Cents, Postpaid.

Address CHICAGO NEWSPAPER UNION, No. 93 South Jefferson St., Chicago, Ill.



Clothes-pins

make some of the holes—but most of them come from rubbing. And no matter how careful you are, the constant wear of the washboard weakens the fabric, thins it out, makes it easy to tear and pull to pieces. You can't help having this wearing process, even with the most conscientious washing. That is why clothes washed with Pearl-line last longer. Pearl-line saves wear—saves rubbing. No washboard needed. Nothing but soaking the clothes, boiling, rinsing.

Millions NOW USE Pearl-line

C. N. U. No 25 08

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THE PEARLINE CHEMICAL CO. SELLERS OF PEARLINE

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CASTORIA

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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed, Licorice, Sassafras, Spices, etc.

A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac-Simile Signature of Dr. H. H. HITCHCOCK, NEW YORK.

16 months old 35 Doses—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure. Is taken internally. Price 75 cents.

Most Acute. She—Yes, it is the province of woman to suffer in silence. He—In silence? That must be suffering, indeed.—*Clincinnati Enquirer*.

I believe Hall's Cure is the only medicine that will cure consumption. Anna M. Ross, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 12, '05.

It is good for making excuses is seldom good for anything else.

Mr. Winslow's Hoopline Straps for Children. They put on the pants, reduce inflammation, draw pain, cure colds, etc. It costs a little.

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G. E. HATHAWAY, GRADUATE IN DENTISTRY. To remove the gums for extracting teeth I have a preparation which positively contains no cocaine or other injurious ingredients and will not cause soreness of gums but aids nature to heal them rapidly. Gas administered when desired. Upper and lower sets of teeth, porcelain crowns and bridge work that imitates natural teeth to perfection as well as give good service to wearer. Office over Bank Drug Store.

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FRANK SHAVER, Prop. of The "City" Barber Shop. In the new Babcock Building Main street. Bathroom in connection. Chelsea, Mich.

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OLIVE LODGE NO. 156, E. & A. M. Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, E. & A. M., for 1898. Jan. 4, Feb. 1, March 8, April 5, May 3, May 31, June 28, July 26, Aug. 30, Sept. 27, Oct. 25, Nov. 22. Annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 27th. J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

R. P. CARPENTER, W. R. C. NO. 210, meets the Second and Fourth Friday in each month. The Second Friday at 2:30 p. m. The Fourth Friday at 7:30 p. m. K. M. WILKINSON, Secretary.

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MICHIGAN CENTRAL "The Niagara Falls Route." Time Card, taking effect, May 29, 1897. TRAINS EAST: No. 36 - Atlantic Express 5:38 a. m. No. 8 - Detroit Night Express 6:30 a. m. No. 12 - Grand Rapids 10:10 a. m. No. 6 - Express and Mail 3:15 p. m. TRAINS WEST: No. 3 - Express and Mail 10:00 a. m. No. 13 - Grand Rapids 6:20 p. m. No. 7 - Chicago Express 10:32 p. m. O. W. ROGUES, Gen. Pass & Ticket Agt. E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent.

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GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES. The World's Best. Anyone in need of a BUGGY, ROAD WAGON, SURRY OR FARM WAGON, will find a complete stock at our new store on Middle street west.

W. J. KNAPP, MIND THE P'S AND Q'S. A full line of cultivators and corn tools. CHELSEA, MICH.

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NEW YORK LETTER. Special Correspondence. H. Walter Webb, the lucky third vice-president of the New York Central road is the latest victim to overwork. Why did he overwork? He was greatly envied. He had a "soft snap," which a million men would have grasped eagerly and held on to till the last trump. His salary was large, his time practically his own, his pleasures many. It is astonishing how many men break down nowadays, and from no assignable cause. In the old days we in the country used to work twenty-eight hours out of twenty-four, so to speak and live to be a hundred, but now we labor eight hours a day and break down at fifty, or earlier. The luckiest men in New York are the Webbs—General Alexander S. Webb, president of the College of the City of New York; Dr. William Seward, husband of Lila Osgood Vanderbilt, president of the Wagner Palace Car Company; vice-president of the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western Railway under Jack Astor; owner of Shelburne Farms, Vt.; member of the Vermont Legislature, with United States Senatorial prospects; owner of Ne-ha-sa-ne Park in the Adirondacks, a preserve of 1,000,000 acres; proprietor of private observation, engines and private cars; and H. Walter, who started in life on an eighth and quarter commission in Wall Street, was named into the vice-presidency of the Wagner Palace Car Company by brother Seward; made the acquaintance of Cornelius Vanderbilt, the next natural step, and became assistant to Chauncey M. Depew, president of the N. Y. C. and H. R. R. Co.; owns magnificent estates in the Adirondacks with brother Seward; is vice-president of the Dunkirk, Allegheny Valley and Pittsburgh Railroad; third vice-president of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railroad; president of the Troy Union Railroad, and heaven knows what else. Even the father of the present day Webbs, General James Watson Webb, was a considerable man of affairs and a journalist of note. He it was who made the New York World possible, by handing down to posterity the Courier and Enquirer. I doubt if we should forgive him this offense. President Zachary Taylor appointed him Minister to Austria, and Lincoln sent him as Minister to Turkey and Brazil. So constant luck has attended the Webbs from the earliest times to the present day, that I wouldn't mind being Webb-footed myself. Preachers in the Market. Three New York preachers have been known to take flyers in the security, grain and cotton markets from time to time. Others have been suspected. In the street are several ex-preachers, some members of the Stock Exchange, some of the Consolidated. Henry Ward Beecher was not above taking a chance now and then in Wall Street. He made a good deal of money out of his books, and invested it all in the market. I don't know whose tip he took, but it is a shrewd guess that "Deacon" White had something to do with it. George F. Seney may have "put the old man on." At any rate, every cent was lost, and Beecher quit the game. I heard Beecher tell the story on himself. The money earned by his books—"Eyes and Ears," "Norwood," "A Summer Parish" and "Earlier"—amounted to about \$10,000 net. Being a trifle hard-up at the time he attempted to increase his fortune by a sudden stroke, instead of investing it at 7 per cent. Some went into gold mines, the rest in margins. "If a man has a good business and invests in stocks," he said, "or is tempted to put his money in a gold mine, he is greedy. I know it—I have tried it a little. All I wanted to make was 25 per cent." An Old Advertiser's Advice. In New York a few days ago the resident partner in that city of the Wana-maker firm delivered an address before the Merchants' Association on "Advertising as a Business Force." The speaker based his remarks on a long experience in extensive and successful newspaper advertising. He began by saying that a retail business may be divided into three parts: the goods to be sold, the persons employed to sell them and the advertising. While the three were considered of equal importance the advertising was called "the dynamic power of the business," setting it in motion and increasing its volume. One point brought out is that the relative importance of advertising is not taken seriously enough, that is, not regarded as one of the essentials. The speaker would no more think of running a business without advertising than of owning machinery without a motive power. Money, it was admitted, can be wasted in advertising. The advertiser may underrate its value and, indeed, give but slight study to its principles and be soon discouraged. "The most successful advertising I have ever known," said this expert, "is that which has been exploited on a very large scale. The man who has had the courage to advertise to a certain extent and spend \$25,000, should have had the courage to spend another \$50,000 and vitalize all the rest." In these cases there is a lack of the needful faith and persistence. Advertising was presented as a necessity of the retail business, its pulse, movement and circulation. The newspaper column is the merchant's rostrum. In using it to address the public his statements must be veritable. Advertisements must be well expressed, and the illustrations of a good grade. It has been the Wana-maker policy to advertise in a terse, direct style, though freely as to space, and to use a typography which newspapers readers soon recognize as distinctive. Cyrus Thomas.

ONE KIND OF COURAGE. It Ousted Two Enemies for a Lieutenant in the Confederate Army. "Courage on the battlefield is not the only thing that makes a soldier," said an ex-Confederate officer. "It is very easy for a man to be brave when he is shoulder to shoulder with his comrades, but it is different on other occasions. It reminds me of an incident that came under my notice during the late war. One day the Captain of a company received word that Union soldiers had taken possession of a big mansion and it was thought that some of the soldiers had been left behind concealed in the building. A Lieutenant and two privates were immediately detailed to make an investigation. They reached the place safely. The lower floor was examined, but nothing appeared to be wrong further than the removal of a few valuables. The family had fled at the approach of the enemy. The men crept up the stairs and looked over the second story. It was the same as on the first. In the hall, however, there was a ladder leading to a trap-door in the garret. The door was swinging down and it was evident that some one had climbed up to the ceiling. The Lieutenant said to the private to go first. The private refused absolutely. He said it was certain death and that if he was a soldier he did not expect to have his head smashed open simply to look for a Union spy. He said he would take his punishment at camp, but he would not stick his head through the trap-door. The second private was told to close the swinging door. He refused. His reason was that he had a wife and children at home and it was not bravery to stick his head in the fire. "Without a word the Lieutenant climbed the ladder and poked his head in the doorway. It was very dark and he shut his eyes, expecting every moment to have a big axe slash out his brains. He remained there a half-minute and then came down, closing the door after him. He told the privates that he would not report their cowardice to the Captain, but during the remainder of the war those two privates were the bitterest enemies the Lieutenant ever had. It was human nature, I suppose, for them to hate him."—New York Sun.

CHAMPION LADY SHOT. She Hits Quail on the Wing and it abtbits on the Jump. Miss Maude May, a charming young lady of Joplin, Mo., can justly lay claim to being the champion huntress of the Southwest, and is one of the most expert lady shots with the shotgun in the United States. Although only in her 18th year, Miss May can easily drop the fleetest flying quail or prairie chicken at long range, and her work in the field would make many an old hunter envious of her wonderful marksmanship, steady nerve and quick eye. She



MISS MAUDE MAY. She is also a great rabbit hunter, and has yet to miss her first rabbit. In a hunt with her father, Capt. Ben May, last winter, this young huntress killed thirty-four rabbits without a miss, all of them being on a dead run when hit. Miss May is just finishing her course in school, but often takes time to accompany her father on his hunts, with her well-trained setter, and never fails to give a good account of herself in the field. She has yet to kill a deer, but is preparing to go with her father to the Indian Territory next season, to try her skill with deer and bear.

DESIRE OF THE DRUG CLERK. Parling Request to a Customer in Search of a Mixture to Cure a Cold. The Long Acre drug clerk was coughing and sneezing when the young lady with the astrakhan came hung carelessly over her arm step into "I want something for a cough," she said. The clerk shifted and sneezed and then wiped the tears from his eyes. "I see you have a cough too," she ventured. "O yes, horrible," he replied, and then he showed her a bottle labeled "Our Own Cough Mixture, guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases of cold or cough of yours' standing." "Is that good?" "Best in this market," he answered. When he had finished another attack of coughing and sneezing she asked the price. "One dollar a bottle." "You may wrap me up a bottle." He did so, and after she had paid the money and emerged from the door he called her back. "Madam," he said, "if that should help you any I would be pleased to have you come back and let me know." And then he began coughing again. Inspiration. "And if I marry you then what?" asked the heiress. "Why," replied the pharmacist, with sudden energy, "then you will be my wife."

All kinds of feet find ease in J. B. LEWIS CO'S "Wear-Resisters" They are as good looking and long wearing as they are comfortable. Sizes and shapes to suit every member of the family. J. B. LEWIS CO., Boston, Mass.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO. Our Home-Made Bread Takes the Lead. Made by your own home process, by Chelsea workmen, from flour made at home mills of Chelsea, from the best home grown wheat.

Honey and Bee Supplies. In stock and for sale. TRY OUR ICE CREAM. CHELSEA BAKERY. ARCHIE MERCHANT. For Sale Cheap—A windmill. Inquire of J. G. Hoover.

THE GREAT FOUR-C REMEDY FOR LA GRIPPE. For Sale by R. S. Armstrong & Co.

What if Not Miracles? The great Four-C Remedy is doing work wherever introduced as nearly miraculously as it ever falls to the lot any human agency to do (I will esteem it a favor for any one interested to write the persons whose names appear below or anyone whose name may appear among these testimonials.) My aim is to convince the public of my sincerity and of the true merits of this remedy.

BENEFACTORS OF THE RACE. Office of "KRYPTONITE TRUSS" 1 Kingsbor, Okla. - Dec. 12, '98. GENTLEMEN:—I believe it my duty to write you a line in regard to the beneficial effect of Phelps' "Four-C Remedy," so far as I am personally concerned. A week ago last Thursday, I was taken with a severe attack of la grippe, and in a short time became so worse I could not speak above a whisper. The night previous had opened with a severe cold, but before getting into bed I took a teaspoonful and slept the entire night as peacefully as ever I did in my life, not coughing once. I was entirely relieved before taking one bottle. Phelps' Cough, Cold and Croup Cure should be in every household in the land. I send you this wholly unvoluntarily by anyone, for you are benefactors of the race in giving it the antidote for some of the worst ailments to which it is heir. Very Truly Yours, C. J. NASSITT, Editor.

ACUTE LARYNGITIS. For years back each winter I have suffered with acute laryngitis. Last winter was so bad I could not leave my room for two weeks of cold above a whisper. I tried every known remedy, but to no avail. I was in a state of despair. I was induced to try Phelps' "Four-C." The first dose relieved my cough, giving me the first night's rest I had in months. The second bottle cured me. I have been without this wonderful remedy since. It is as different from other like remedies as molasses from vinegar or sugar from salt. It is a miracle. Yours, Mrs. JOSEPH E. GIBBS, 5813 Madison Ave.

IT IS A MIRACLE. Conductor Eckard, the Railroad Company, of the Neodahns Kansas Register, has had a wonderful sale of his Cough and Cold Remedy. I personally know it is just what it is represented to be. It is a miracle. NOTICE TO DRUGGISTS AND THE PUBLIC. CONTRACT.—Druggists are authorized in ALL CASES TO REFUND THE PURCHASE PRICE, if the Four-C Remedy (Phelps' Cough, Cold and Croup Cure) fails to give satisfaction in Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, La Grippe, Coughs and Colds, no matter how long standing, or deep seated. In fact I guarantee in all manner of Bronchial or Lung trouble, not as a Cure-All, but to give unbounded satisfaction. Give it a trial on the above conditions. I take all chances. R. A. PHELPS, 118 53d Street, CHICAGO, ILL., Prop. --- For Sale by ---

AGENTS WANTED. In every county to supply the Great Popular Demand for AMERICA'S WAR FOR HUMANITY. TOLD IN PICTURE AND STORY. Compiled and Written by Senator John J. Ingalls, OF KANSAS. The most brilliantly written, most profusely and artistically illustrated, and most intensely popular book on the subject of war with Spain. Nearly 200 Superb Illustrations from Photograph taken specially for this great work. Agents are making \$50 to \$100 a week selling it. A veritable bonanza for live canvassers. Apply for description, terms and territory at once to N. D. THOMPSON PUBLISHING CO., St. Louis, Mo., or New York City.

Chelsea Steam Laundry. A cotton imitation of linen that has received our finish is better than linen done up, or rather done out, somewhere else. We aim high and always hit the mark. GOME AND SEE US. Wanted—A girl to do general house work. Mrs. I. S. Armstrong. Get your calling cards at The Standard office. "The latest out." If you contemplate committing matrimony procure your invitations at The Standard office, where you will find the smoothest line of wedding stationery that ever came down the pike. For Sale—House and three lots, acquire of Thomas Cassidy.



What if Not Miracles? (Continued) My aim is to convince the public of my sincerity and of the true merits of this remedy.

ANN ARBOR - ELECTRIC - GRANITE - WORKS. Designers and Builders of Artistic Granite and Marble Memorials. On hand large quantities of all the various Granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice, as we have a full equipment for polishing. JOHN BAUMGARDNER, Prop., Ann Arbor.